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TWELVE PAGES - ONE RIYAL

VOL. V NO. 123

SUNDAY, JANUARY 27, 1980 JEDDAH RABI-AL-AWAL 9, 1400 A.H.



KHALED-ASSAD MEE I'ING: Syrian President Hafiz Assad arrived in Riyadh Saturday for

ead

RIYADH, Jan. 2ti (SPA) - King Khaled and President Hafez Assad of Syria held for-The mal talks on the Middle East, the Gulf Area and Afghanistan Saturday.

> Assad, who arrived bere Saturday, was joined by Prime Minister Abdul Raoof Al-Qasm, Deputy Premier Abdul Halim Khaddam and other senior aides.

King Khaled was joined by Crown Prince Fahd, Second Deputy Premier Abdullah, Defense Minister Sultan, Special Advisor Dr. Rashad Pharaon and the Sandi Arabian Ambassador to Damascus Sheikh Abdul Mohsen Al-Zaid.

Kung Khaled returned from his desert

opposition to Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and President Assad's one-day trip comes a day before Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko is due in Damascus for a

Saudi Arabia is staunchly anti-Soviet and was the first country to announce a boycott of the Olympic Games because of the Kremlin's incursion into Afghanistan late last month.

Syria did not back the Soviet intervention, but Assad has said he wants close ries with Moscow, the main source of arms for bis

Iran elects first president

TEHRAN, Jan. 26 (R) - Finance Minister Abolhassan Bani-Sadr was Saturday beading for a decisive victory in Iran's first presidential election after waging a campaign based on economic recovery and independence from the superpowers.

In an interview with Reuters, he said one of bis priorities would be to end the crisis between Iran and the United States. (See story page 3)

ist was leading in all regions Saturday. The state radio reported be had received three million out of four million votes counted so

He was almost certain to gain the absolute majority required for election. His closest rival, Admiral Ahmad Madani, bad 700,000

Revolutionary leader Ayatollah Khomeini, who has the power to veto the election of presidential candidates, was expected to

give automatic endorsement to Bani-Sadr.

Bani-Sadr was meanwhile recovering Saturday from a heavy cold and weeks of hectic campaigning. But he told Reuters be would set up a national congress of those who had supported him to select a list of candidates for next month's parliamentary elec-

As finance minister be scrapped interest rates on bousing loans, replacing them with a four per cent service charge, a move that brought him support from borrowers.

Bani-Sadr is an ardent opponent of U.S. interference in Iranian affairs but he was also the first candidate to signal the potential threat to Iran of the Soviet intervention in

A surprise aspect of Friday's election was the low vote polled by the clergy-backed candidate, Hassan Habibi. The official Pars news agency put his sbare at only three per cent of the votes tallied Saturday.

Habibi was a last minute compromise candidate after Jalaleddin Farsi, official nominee of the clergy-led Islamic Republican Party (IRP), withdrew when it was discovered his father was an Afghan. Political sources said Habibi may have suffered because he was publicly backed by the Tudeh (Communists) Party, in line with its pro-clergy policy. They said that in the north-eastern city of Ardebil pro-Habibi voters switched en masse to Bani-Sadr when they were told their original choice had Communist backing.

Egypt offered major U.S. arms deal

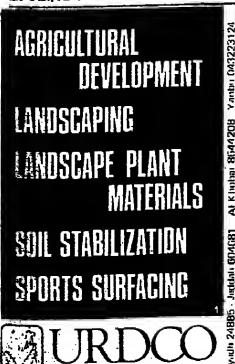
CAIRO, Jan. 26 (AP) - The United States bas offered Egypt a major arms package that could bring more than \$ 5 billion in weapons to this country. Defense Minister

Kamal Hassan Ali said. 'It will be mostly fighter planes, tanks and missiles," Ali told the Associated Press in confirming reports from Washington on the

He hinted the arrangement, stretching over five years, could go as high as \$ 6 billion, but indicated the final figure had not yet been

All said Egypt and the U.S. had almost Identical stands on the threat to world peace caused by the Soviet intervention io Afghanistan, and Egypt had demonstrated that it would support the U.S. if it moved to

the defense of the oil rich Gulf. "America and Egypt see the same danger in the area, and we (Egypt) know our responsibilities. America has good relations with this country and the sources of oil are vital to the U.S. Ali said.



Ali spoke with reporters between events at the Cairo Police Club where the annual Police Day celebrations were being held.

The offer of military aid credit was presented to Egyptian Vice President Husni Mobarak during his visit to the U.S. earlier this month. It includes F-16 fighter planes and M-60 tanks. It was reported in Washington at the time.

It would provide Egypt with slightly over \$ l billion in military credits for two years, starting in the fiscal year that begins Oct. 1, 1980. Above that the U.S. has tentarively offered to add \$800 million per year in credits for three years starting in 1982. Combined with the \$1.5 billion in credits granted to Egypt, when it signed a peace treaty with Israel last March, Egypt would be receiving over \$5 billion in military help from the U.S. by 1985," Ali said.

The sales, if approved by Congress, would place Egypt second on the list of American military aid recipients behind Israel.

Egypt rejects demand to repay Arab deposits

CAIRO, Jan. 26 (AP) - Egypt's government bas balked at Arab demands for the return of \$ two billion banked here, claiming it has the right to forestall politically motivated attempts to wreck the economy.

But top Egyptian officials interviewed by the Associated Press said the government bas not permanently frozen or seized the

The officials said that for national security reasons the money cannot be released now and the bottom line seems to be that the money is just not available.

Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Iraq complained to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in Washington, D.C., last fall that the accounts were blocked and called on the IMF to take

At Egypt's request, the IMF last week delayed consideration of the Arab complaints until March.



TEL AVIV, Jan. 26 (Agencies) — Palestinians of the Israeli-occupied West Bank staged a general strike Saturday in protest against normalizing relations between Israel and Egypt and the opening of their border to civilian traffie,

In Gaza ten Palestinians were wounded when a hand grenade thrown at a passing Israeli military patrol exploded in the town's main square. A major security alert was in force in both Gaza and the West Bank Satur-

A mass rally at Bir Zeit University near Ramallah in the West Bank did no materialize. Road blocks were set up to keep away

Although the Israeli-Egyptian border was formally opened Saturday, no traffic was expected along the only road link between el Arish-Raffa and Kantara, because the Israeli frontier post was closed for the Jewish Sab-

Next month the two countries will exchange ambassadors, but trade and cultural relations are not expected to flourisb immediately.

A spokesman for the Palestinian "Committee of National Guidance" told Reuters Saturday they had instructed all West Bank leaders to refrain from meeting Sol Linowitz, President Carter's special envoy to the negotiation on autonomy for the occupied territories, who is due here next week.

The spokesman for the clandestine committee said the Palestinians had totally rejected the autonomy plan, and had, therefore, instructed West Bank and Gaza leaders not to meet Linowitz. In Damascus, hundreds of thousands of

people went on strike and demonstrated in several areas to protest against the normalization of relations between Egypt and Israel. In the Syrian capital, Prime Minister Abdel-Rauf Al-Kasm joined an estimated

500,000 people who paraded through the streets of Damascus, many of them shouting slogans against Egyptian President Anwar In Beirut, leftist Arab states and the Pales-

tine Liberation Organization Saturday protested the normalization of relations between Egypt and Israel with demonstrations, strikes and vows to escalate the Middle East conflict. In Beirut, main power base of PLO leader

Yasser Arafat, guerrillas burned effigies of U.S. President Jimmy Carter, Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin.

In Doha, later, several bundred Palestinians began a day-long sit-in strike in the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) office in Qatar Saturday in protest against the normalization of relations between Egypt

Donations urged for **Afghans**

RIYADH, Jan. 26 (SPA) — The General Board of Donation for the Afghan Freedom Fighters is urging Saudi Arabians to be in the forefront in helping their Afghan brothers through their present ordeal.

The board, chaired by Prince Salman, the governor of Riyadh, said in a call Saturday that it will open accounts with the National Commercial Bank, Riyadh Bank, Rajihi Company for Exchange and Commerce and Muhammad & Abdullah Ibrahim Al-Subei Exchange Bureau and their branches throughout the Kingdom to receive donations for the Afghan fighters.

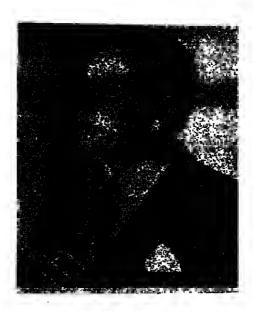
It urged the public to make donations, immediately, and mentioned the religious ruling (fatwa) issued by Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Baz permitting payment of zakat (the alms tax) to the Afghan Muslim freedom fighters. In response to public sentiment for the

Muslim brothers in Afghanistan, a royal consent had been issued to form a board with Prince Salman as its chairman, to collect donations from the public.

The board members include Prince Sattam, deputy governor of Riyadb; Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Baz, general president of the Departments of Scholarly Research, Fatwa, Propagation and Religious Guidance; Sbeikh Saleh ibn Muhammad ibn Lahedan, member of the Supreme Council of the Judicature and of the Board of Senior Religious Scholars (ulema); Sheikh Hamad ibn Qurban, undersecretary of the Ministry of Justice, the Undersecretary of the Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs and the President of the Saudi Red Crescent Society.



Naif left for Pakistan on a private visit. He was seen off at the airport by his deputy Prince Ahmad and other senior officials.



IN FOWN: David Rockefeller, Chairman of the Board of Chase Manhattan Bank, paid a short visit to Jeddah Saturday during an overseas toor. As a result of his tight schedule, he wasn't able to stay long, and continued his journey.

Sniper kills

KABUL, Jan. 26 (AP) — A sniper shot a Soviet soldier in Kabul Friday in the first incident of violent opposition to the Soviet presence bere that Western reporters have witnessed.

Iwo rifle shots cracked through the subzero air at an army jeep whose occupants, Russian soldiers, nad stopped to buy fruit

A photographer who drove by seconds later saw the jeep's window smashed and a

ter in northwest Kabul, about a kilometer from the hotel where Western correspondents are staying, The other troops immediately crouched in

firing positions, pointing their guns at a hillside cluster of buts from which the sbots seemed to have come.

made to find the sniper. Iwo more personnel carriers arrived and

trained their guns on the hill. Hordes of civilians came and went. Many stayed to watch the action. A party of Indian

Sikhs in brightly colored nurbans poured out of a nearby temple and joined the thrnng around the troop carriers. No effort was made to stop traffic, which

been carrying the gunman to safety. Some cars had come from side roads leading out of Parwan quarter, but nobody bothered to close these roads. Another truck load of Soviet Imops

There have been numerous reports, few of

The night before the sniper incident, machine gun fire rattled over Kabul for a few

RİYADH, Jan. 26 (SPA) - King Khaled received a cable from Muslims in the People's Republic of China stating their support for the government's action during the Holy Haram incident.

'ignoble crimes" perpetrated by the

Saud meets Zia

Islamabad parley 'to widen agenda'

By Hassan Lakis Arab News correspondent

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 26 - The extraordinary Islamic foreign ministers conference called to discuss Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan is expected to widen its agenda to include Palestinian rights and the Israeli occupation of Jerusalem.

President Zia Ul Haq will open the meeting Sunday. An informal meeting was held here Saturday afternoon to formalize the 18-hour postponement from the originally

scheduled Saturday opening. According to the charter of the Islamic Conference, an extraordinary meeting can only discuss the one item for which the meeting had been called. But this can be changed

with a two-thirds vote. Some African and Asian countries are believed to be reluctant to approve the insertion since Jerusalem and other issues are a regular feature of all Islamic conferences, including the annual meeting scheduled for

Meanwhile, it was confirmed here Saturday that at least two states from the steadfastness front will attend the meeting, namely Algeria and Libya. Iraq is attending and its Foreign Minister Saadoun Hammadi told newsmen on arrival that the conference could be a step forward in seeking withdrawal of foreign troops from Afghanistan, Hammadi's delegation was among the five

who were first to arrive. Iran bad requested the 18-bour postponement to try to persuade all the steadfastness states to be present. However, Iran's delegation will be beaded by the country's deputy foreign minister.

Well informed sources said that the ministers are likely to seek. Monday the freezing of Afghanistan's membership at the OIC after coodemning the Soviet invasion. They could also adopt a resolution saying that the OIC does not recognize Kabul's new regime. The

sources added that Pakistan might call a summit meeting to discuss severe sanctions against the Soviet Union.

President Zia's adviser for foreign affairs Agha Shahi stressed Saturday that the conference was in no way anti-Soviet in nature. The members of the conference said they wished to maintain that status. The Soviet Union had supported the Muslim movements. On the Palestine question, the Soviet Union threw its weight behind the Muslim viewpoint, But the question is that the whole nonaligned world, even those countries that were very close to the USSR ardently desired that the troops should be withdrawn from Afghanistan, He also said that Afghanistan was a founding member of the Ol Cand it had been invited to the deliberations, but he had received word only Saturday afternoon that it

would not attend. Earlier Saturday Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal met here with President Zia.

The Prince and the accompanying delegation later attended a reception held in bis honor by Agha Shahi. Earlier Friday night, Prince Saud and his Pakistani counterpart had discussed the dimensions of the confer-

In an arrival statement here Friday, Prince Saud expressed the bope that the conference would lead to the unification of the Islamic states in confronting the Soviet aggression.

He said the convening of the conference in Pakistan was appropriate since it was particulary affected by the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, He hoped, however, that the conference would be fruitful and be able to provide the means for confronting the aggression.

The foreign minister reaffirmed that the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan threatened the independence of smaller nations and posed a serious threat to world peace. He said the conference would serve the interests of the Islamic states.

Soviet soldier in Kabul

from a street vendor.

wounded man inside. The incident occured in the Parwan quar-

A snow-crusted mad led up the hill through the huts, but no immediate move was

continued to pour down the mad where the jeep was hit. Any of the vehicles could have

arrived followed by a multi-wheeled armored troop carrier, and for the next two hours. Western reporters had a rare glimpse of the Red army tackling an urban guerrilla prob-

them confirmed, of Afghans physically attacking Soviet troops or civilians in protest against Red Army's presence in their coun-

seconds. A week earlier, the city was rocked

Muslims send cable to King

fbe government's measures were described as "correct and righteous" and aimed at preserving the sanctity of the Holy Mosque and the security of Muslims. The message condemned strongly, the

The Chinese Muslims asked God to unite the Muslims to help them restore their previous glory and achieve victory for Palestine.

by what sounded like artillery explosions coming from outside Kabul.

No official explanations have been given. The stridently anti-American government does not answer questions on matters relating to the Soviet presence here, and the statecontrolled media does not discuss them. There is little chance that the fate of the

Russian soldier who was shot in the jeep will be known. After the shooting, the Soviet troops spent about balf an hour behind their armored cars

in consultation with Afghan soldiers. The Soviets alternated helween taking elaborate covers, or taking no cover at all. Finally a party of about two dozen troops was sent up the hill to search. One wore a steel helmet. As each clicked his ammo clip smartly into place and set off up the hill.

No attempt was made to disperse them. Only after an hour was an Afghan soldier sent to chase the crowd away. He playfully brandished his belt at them, and had little

Afghan children yelled, "Sell him cigarettes

Meanwhile, the Soviet Union is said to be considering replacing Babrak Karmal as president of Afghanistan. Karınal got the post Dec. 27 in a Soviet-backed coup.

"Rumors confinue to circulate in Kabul that the current president will be replaced soon," U.S. State Department spokesman Hodding Carter said Friday. "A number of additional Soviet civil advisers have recently arrived in Afghanistan."

A second official in Washington, who asked not to be identified, said the Soviets have doubts about Karmal's competency. "The rumors are circulating throughout Kabul and we think there may be something to them," he said without elaborating.

Karmal replaced Hafizullah Amin. another Marxist, later reported executed, at about the same time the Soviets sent several thousand troops into Afghanistan to help put down Muslim Afghan rebels who have fought three pro-Soviet governments for the past 21

There are now an estimated 70,000-80,000 Soviet troops in Afghanistan. The United States and other nations have taken retaliatory measures and U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim warned Friday that the situation "can easily deteriorate and involve the big powers directly.



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Ministers examine farming activities

By Farouk Lugman

JEDDAH, Jan. 26 - The agriculture ministers of Saudi Arabia and Denmark met in Riyadh Saturday to discuss cooperation.

Danish Minister Poul Dalsager and Sheikh Abdul Rahman Al Al-Sheikh concentrated on three main points. They included setting up joint ventures hetween the private sectors of both countries in agricultural development, training Saudi Arabians and the secondment of experts to work for the ministry in Riyadh, and hring in private firms. Fisheries were emphasized in the final categ-

A memher of the Danish delegation, which included experts from the Foreign Ministry, the Ministry of Agriculture and the emhassy here, Dr. Per Nielsen, of Danish Turnkey Dairies, said a cooperation agreement was signed in 1975 and renewed last year. Dr. Sheikh visited Denmark last June for the sig-

ning.
Nielsen, a specialist in milk processing, said the Danes were engaged in training, the exchange of agricultural information and the development of agriculture and animal husbandry. They have been assigned the preparation of a study and plans for the organization of dairy and poultry industries, and associated services such as water resource technology. Saudi Arabian personnel will be trained in Denmark on the principles of reverse osmosis and the recycling of used

A lahoratory for the study and treatment of animal diseases will he established, while demonstration or model farms will be set up. Nielsen said discussions between the two parties also covered dairy farms, plants, feed

mills, industrial drying plants, greenhouses, farm machinery and maintenance services. His company has already gone into joint ventures with local firms for huilding dairy plants in various parts of the country, with

more in the offing, he says.



Danish Ambassador Paul Bent Sondergaard told Arab News Saturday that he was quite pleased with progress so far: "We think hat cooperation between our two countries is very important and hope to achieve more in the near future."

He would rather wait for further talks before speaking about specifies but just now "I can only thank God for what has been

Meanwhile, Dalsager met with Deputy Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs Dr. Saleh Al-Malek, Malek said their talks dealt with Danish studies on green belts to be planted around various cities. Dalsager said his country was willing to go ahead with them.

Malek and Dalsager also dealt with plans to recycle used water for irrigation of parks and gardens. Sunday, the Danish delegation plans to

visit the Asir, in the south. Mayor cites progress of Arab towns panel

JEDDAH, Jan. 26 (SPA) - The Organization of Arah Towns has made considerable progress since its establishment in 1967, Abdul Aziz Al-Adasani, the visiting mayor of Kuwait and secretary general of the organ-

The organization, which now has 108 Arah cities as members, has opened a fund financed by those states able to help those cities whose resources are insufficient to undertake projects. The organization, with a capital of KD5 hillion, has begun giving aid to several Arab countries, including Tunisia and Jor-

Temperatures will rise slightly in the western and the north-western regions.

Humidity will increase in the western coast, and frost and fog will form in the northern region at night and in the early mor-

Winds will he mostly light to moderate and variable. They will be south-easterly and moderate in the north-western region, causing sand haze occasionally.

Seas will be calm to moderate. Saturday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade).

Месса	29	17 Tabuk	t8	02
Jeddah	27	16 Turaif	14	-1
Riyadb	17	08 Arar	17	01
Dhahran	20	09 Bisha	23	08
Medina	22	04 Үальч	27	tŌ
Taif	21	06 Abha	17	09

Ittihad draws

Nasr recaptures leadership of Saudi Premier League

anxiously over their shoulders. With the

league campaign in temporary abeyance, the

battle for the title is still wide open. Ittihad.

Nasr and Hilal are all in with a strong chance,

although Ahli must be considered an under-

In previous seasons the side which held the

lead after 10 games went on to win the

championship. In 1977, Ahli and Nasr were

locked together on 15 points with Ahli having

the hetter goal difference. This is exactly the

situation Nasr and Ittihad are in this year,

with Nasr having the edge. By the end of the

1977 season Ahli took the title with 29 points

one ahead of Nasr, although the title was

effectively decided in the second last game of

In 1978, Hilal had 17 points after 10

matches, one more than second-placed Nasr.

Again the championship went to the leader at

the stage with Hilal finishing on 30 points to

Nasr's 28 despite losing its last match to

1ttihad 2-1. The title was again decided in the

second to last match when Hilal heat Nasr 1-0

These facts must give heart to Nasr, leading

the table and hoping to improve on its second

place of the last two years. Nasr's displays this

season would tend to bear out this projection,

as the Riyadh side has been in consistent form

and scoring freely, apart from the upset reverse at the hands of Ohod.

hut has had several lackluster displays and

Cramer must be worried about the lack of

scoring power up front.

Ittihad, on the other hand, is undefeated

Although history and current performance

would tend to indicate Nasr as the most likely

title-winner, neither lttihad nor Hilai will

relinquish their challenges without a fight.

The crucial matches are the Ittihad v. Nasr

and Ittihad v. Hilal clashes in the 14th and

15th series of the competition, but the title

may well not be decided until the final

matches when Hilal takes on Nasr in Riyadh

and Ittihad plays Ahli in Jeddah in what are

lttihad

Nahda

Wehda

Ahli

25 t3 17

sure to be closely contested games. Results:

Ohod

Shebab

in what was effectively the League decider.

the season when Ahli defeated Ittihad 2-0.

dog at this stage.

By David Smith

JEDDAH, Jan. 26 — Riyadh's Nasr has regained the leadership of the Premier League after a convincing 5-0 midweek victory over Ittifaq in Dammam. Nasr is level on points with Ittihad but has a vastly superior goal difference to the Jeddah side. Ittihad had to settle for a 1-1 draw in Dammam with Kadasia which maintains its undefeated record in the League this season.

These matches, the tenth series in the eighteen-match Premier Division, are the last to be played for several weeks as Brazilian coach Maneli takes the opportunity to gather his international squad together for coaching and matches against South Korea this week.

Nasr, which had only taken two points from its previous three matches, was in dominant mood against Ittifaq. The Riyadh side defeated lttifaq 4-3 in the first game of the season, but the return match was never so close. International striker Majid Abdullah notched a hat-trick and Darwish added one more to his consistent scoring record this year, as Nasr hammered five goals past the

1ttihad went into the match with a one point advantage over Nasr but lost this lead in a 1-1 draw with Kadasia. Both goals came from Saudi Arabian international strikers. 1ssa Hamdan opened the scoring for 1ttihad hut Saud Jasim replied for Kadasia.

This was only Hamdan's second goal of the season, a fact which emphasises Dettmar Cramer's problem with 1ttihad. The Jeddah team has scored only 13 goals in 10 games, almost half the number Nasr has put past its opponents. Defensively, Ittihad has the best record in the league and its midfield huild-up is solid but the lack of scoring power results in games being drawn when both points should he firmly in the bag.

Last year's champion, Hilal, stayed in third place with a 3-0 win over Wehda. Tunisian forward Najib Imam scored two of the goals which put Hilal on the 14 point mark, one hehind the leaders.

King's cup holder Ahli remains in fourth place but dropped a point against Shebab in a disappointing 0-0 draw. Ahli has averaged only one goal a game this season, and although only points off the top, it does not look to have the consistency to maintain a serious title challenge.

At the foot of the table Ohod gained its second victory of the year when the Medina side defeated Nahda 2-1. This was only Nahda's second defeat of the year, and puts Ohod back into the relegation battle after

looking to be fighting a lost cause.

Ohod has five points and is still two points adrift at the bottom of the table. Only two points separate Wehda in ninth place from Nahda in fifth however, and if Ohod can maintain the form which gained victories over Nasr and Nahda in recent weeks, the

Shippers warned against piracy

JEDDAH, Jan. 26 — Importers are responsible for piracy by dealing with cheap. unknown and dishonest shipping companies, the general director of Dammam Port, Muhammad Sulaiman al-Muhanna says.

The companies forge shipping documents and steal the goods hy persuading ports authorities of their ownership. That sort of 'unarmed piracy" is closer to embezzlement and commercial fraud than ordinary piracy, Muhanna told Al Yom Thursday.

The theft can be fought hy only dealing with well known firms. Once a theft occurs, the importer who owned the goods should trace the ship and have it impounded if it calls at an Arab port.

Two years ago a Saudi Arabian importer had a wood shipment that was taken over. The owner negotiated with the pirates to ransom the shipment. The negotiations failed and the pirate captain sold the shipment with forged documents, Muhanna said.

But the importer tracked the ship for a long time and impounded it when it put into Dammam. He was paid by the company hefore the ship was released.

Muhanna also spoke on "chronic" problems between shipping companies and customs clearers oo high insurance rates demanded by shipping companies for their containers.

The problem has been submitted to the president of the Saudi Ports Authority, Dr. Fayez Badr. A decision will be issued next week on unifying the insurance charged for containers hy shipping companies. Clearers have complained that some companies were charging SR3,000, exclusive of delay charges.

Shipping companies demand insurance hecause some importers fail to clear their goods and return the emply containers. Delay charges start after 15 days of the ship's arrival in port. Some importers hold the containers because of the lack of storage capacity.

Muhanna said that the further berths at Dammam port were completed last year. There are 38 now, which can unload 1,000 tons a day. The port has capacity for handling over 10 million tons of goods a year, imports are expected to reach nine million tons this year, he added.

Last year, a large part of the port was illuminated, using power from the main plant in Dhahran. Lighting for the remaining part is under construction now.

Last year too, all roads to the port and the docks were asphalted, French companies are now working on asphalting and illuminating the four berths completed last year.

With imports rising to the Eastern Province the financial position of the port has improved. Revenue now covers 50 per cent of running expenses, Muhanna said.

Construction show turnout may break 15,000 mark

JEDDAH, Jan. 26 — The final attendance figures for Jeddah's six days of Middle East Construction Exhibition may run up to 15,000. The fair closed Saturday, after seven days that gratified Dermot Graham, the managing director of the British firm Fairs and Exhibitions, which organized the event with Al-Harithy.

In addition to Jeddah, both Riyadh and Dhahran were considered as possible venue for this event, Graham said Saturday, "We finally chose Jeddah because we share Mayor Muhammad Said Farsi's view that the city will become the commercial center of the Middle East." 'The success of this exhibition has added weight to this view and given us every encouragement to proceed with our forward program for the city, which includes another Construction Exhibition to he followed in February hy the Middle East Electricity Exhibition'.

Jerome Brady. Vice President of Kinnear Company of the U.S. has experience of showing at construction exhibitions in Canada, Europe and South America and says that Jeddah was the "hest we've seen." Another U.S. exhibitor. Clifford Raines of Wingaersheek, sold all his exhibits, acetylene torches and accessories. in the first three days of the show.

Laron Jensen, United States Department of Commerce specialist, said that several joint manufacturing ventures have resulted

Many British, Danish, Italian, Japanese, South Korean, Saudi Arabian, Swedish, Swiss and West German companies were also exhibiting.

Burnett Atalanta appointed Abdullah Al-Rashid Ahunayan Establishment of Riyadh as exclusive distributor in the Kingdom for its water pumps and generating sets. The order was ratified by the placing of an SR7.5 million initial stock order.

Brian Smith, regional director in Bahrain for Portakahin said the show had been "a success in terms of enquiries received, If only 25 per cent result in orders we shall be happy". Masaaki Hayashida of Komatsu reports that after only five days he had taken orders worth over SR10 million for ten units and Lucky Limited of South Korea, a first time exhibitor in the Middle East, won two orders worth a total of \$300,000 for PVC pipe and flooring.

Kurt Buchler of the Swiss Office for the

Development of Trade was happy at the level of enquiries received,

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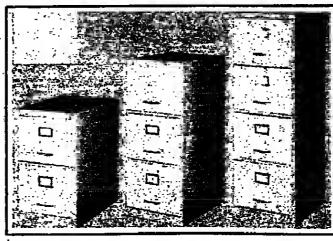
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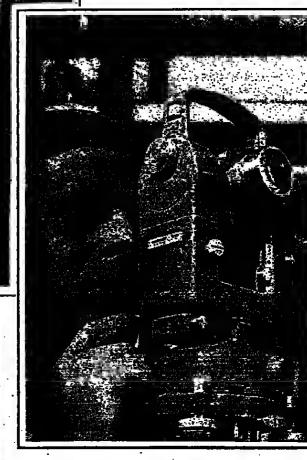
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Likely to become Iran's president

Bani-Sadr pledges to revive economy, solve hostage crisis

TEHRAN, Jan. 26(R) - The man who looks certain to become Iran's first president after 2,500 years of monarchy squatted cross-legged on a sofa in his modest I chran apartment and said he would try to rehuild the Iranian economy and solve "this problem hetween the Americans and ourselves."

In an interview with Reuters conducted against a hackground of children shouting and a telephone ringing every minute with election results, Abolhassan Bani Sadr, who is apparently sweeping to a landslide victory in the presidential elections, expounded a philosophy of national independence, nonalignment, political freedom and reconstruction.

Asked what he intended to do about the 49 American hostages who have been held at the occupied U.S. emhassy since Nov. 4, Bani-Sadr said: "I will try to hring this problem hetween the Americans and ourselves to an end in a way which safeguards the demands and the independence of Iran.

But he emphasized that his first priority would he the reconstruction of the economy, a task he began with sweeping nanonalizations when he took over as finance minister. Bani-Sadr said he had been out of touch with the hostages problem since he left the foreign ministry last November "and I must study the question

again closely."
He has told the students occupying the U.S. mission he considered their action misguided.

Commenting on his electoral success, apparently more overwhelming than even his supporters had predicted, he said that "I am very happy that this people has shown such political maturity. It was not a partisan vote hut a vote of conscience." "When you look at the figures, there

were no opponents. They tried to create opponents for me but they failed despite using all the means at their disposal in the state media and the press," he said. Bani-Sadr said people had tried to sabotage his campaign up to the final moment. But he did not say who they were.

He said he had been in the minority in Iran's ruling revolutionary council for some time.

"I'm in the minority there. But you know last night I attended the council for the first time in three weeks and after discussion we agreed to a communique among the candidates present whereby we agreed to cooperate with whoever was

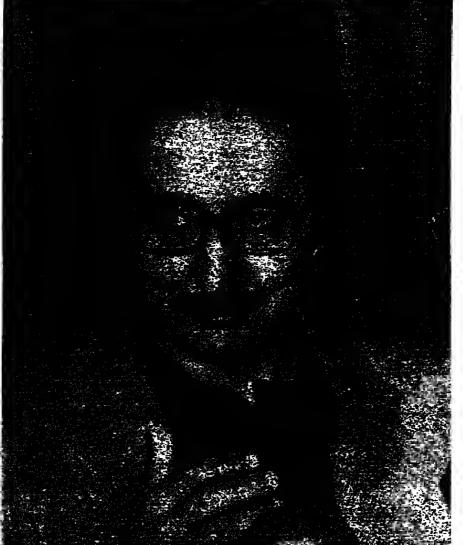
"I don't think the council can oppose this popular wave of feeling. I think it will agree to cooperate," he said.

He said Iran's foreign policy would he based on independence from both superpowers, adding that the world's present economic and political structure could not

"I remain attached to my proposal for close cooperation with Europe and Japan and the oppressed countries of the world. I am for helping liberation movements throughout the world. This world system must change. It is in the interest of industrial countries as well because this state of affairs cannot last for long," he said. He advocated wider political freedom

and said he would try to ease unrest among the country's ethnic and religious minorities on the basis of equality. "On an equal footing, we can resolve the regional problems. The essential thing

is for the central government to project an image of self-confidence," he said. Asked about restrictions on left-wing parties in Iran, Bani-Sadr said: "The left-wing parties have chosen the tactics of



violence without realizing that they are no longer fighting the Shah's regime.

This is a popular regime and one cannot use the same tactics with it as with an anti-popular regime. If they renounce violence, they can enjoy freedom of activity

and we can base our relations with these

parties on free and equal discussion." He also indicated he would try to ensure greater press freedom in Iran by hreaking the virtual political monopoly of certain sections of the ruling clergy.

Qaddafi links use of oil weapon to **U.S.** intervention

TEHRAN, Jan. 26 (R) - Lihyan leader Muammar Qaddafi has warned the United States that his country would use oil as a weapon if the U.S. intervened militarily in Iran, the afternoon newspaper Etela 'at has reported.

In an interview with the paper, Col. Qaddafi said "We have officially informed the U.S. that American military interference in Iran simply means military intervention in Libya, and it is absolutely natural that we use our oil as a weapon against the U.S....

"The majority of oil-producing countries are Muslim, so we can control the world through this wealth which, I stress, is in our hands," he said.

Muslim countries could establish a common market and independent countries like could impose their will on the world, the paper quoted Qaddafi as saying.

Iranians sacrifice for Khomeini health

TEHRAN, Jan. 26 (R) - Devout Muslims sacrificed hetween two and three thousand sheep and cattle in the holy city of Qom Friday in a supplication for the health of revolutionary leader Ayatollah Khomeini, evewitnesses said.

They said the animals were slaughtered in the streets in front of mosques and private houses on behalf of Khomeini, who was taken from his home in Qom to a Tehran hospital Thursday night suffering from a heart ail-

Muslim tradion provides for animal sacrifice for special cause, and lays down that the meat should he distributed to the poor.

The official Pars news agency reported that revolutionary guards in the central Iranian city of Yazd had beheaded two camels as a sacrifice for the 79-year-old revolutionary

An eyewitness told Reuters that thousands of Muslims flocked to mosques and the holy shrine in Oom to pray for Khomeini, who hroadcast from his hospital hed on state radio Friday to reassure Iranians that he was not seriously ill.

His doctors stressed Friday that his condition was very satisfactory.

Meanwhile, Khomeini has hecome a great-grandfather when his granddaughter Fereshten A'rabi gave birth to a baby girl, the afternoon newspaper Kayhan said.

The paper noted the hirth also made Sadeq Tahatabai, former government spokesman and presidential candidate, an uncle.

U.S. denies seeking bases at Port Sudan

KHARTOUM, Jan. 26 (R) — American Ambassador to Sudan Donald Bergus has denied that the United States had asked for military facilities at Port Sudan on the Red Sea coast.

Bergus issued a statement Friday saying The question of U.S. facilities at Port Sudan has never been raised between our governments and is not under consideration."

Bergus was commenting on unspecified reports that Sudan was considering such a move, the official Sudanese News Agency (SUNA) said. He said he visited Port Sudan on Jan. 20 to make friendly calls on the district commissioner and the senior military commander there.

This visit followed an urgent message from President Jimmy Carter to Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri. The contents of the message were not disclosed.

A Sudanese Foreign Ministry source told SUNA that Sudan's policy was not to grant any military facilities to any foreign country on Sudanese territory.

'Gateway to the subcontinent'

The critical test at KhyberPass

LANDI KOTAL, Pakistan Jan. 26 | LAT) - Here in the Khyher Pass, about 1,800 Pakistani "scouts" guard what has been called "the gateway to the suhcontinent" - a centuries-old trade and invasion route used by the conquering armies of Alexander. Genghis Khan and Tamerlane. r

The men carry the proud insignia of the Khyher Rifles on their colorful olive green. red and white uniforms topped with tufted turhans. And if this were 1878 - the year the unit was formed - instead of 1980, even such a small force might prove adequate to defend the formidable, 23-mile-long natural barrier at the meeting place of the Sulaiman Mountain chain and offshoots of the Himalayas.

But it is not 1878, and suddenly a modern Soviet army stands just a few miles away in Afghanistan, And neither the Khyber Rifles nor the rest of the approximately 40,000man Pakistani force stationed along this nation's 1,200-mile-long border with Marxist Afghanistan looks quite so strong.

'We are east oriented military," conceded Lt. Gen. Fazal-Haq, military governor of Pakistan's North West Frontier Territory and commanding officer in charge of defending 800 miles of that border. "It will take a long time for us to get reoriented to the western horder."

The Pakistani forces that would have to hear the initial brunt of any spillover of the Soviet drive into Afghanistan are few in numbers and poorly equipped. Moreover, according to Gen. Fazal, Pakistan has allowed a highly developed infrastructure out in place here during British rule to deteriorate so hadly that it will take months to upgrade the roads, build the hridges, and improve the railroad enough to support a military huildup.

While the Pakistani official might have

reason to overstate the sad state of defenses at a time his nation is arguing for massive military aid against a possible Soviet threat, Western diplomats here agree with at least the broad outlines of the picture he paints. "Between 80 per cent and 90 per cent of

the Pakistani military is facing east where there are reportedly 13 Indian army divisions" on the border, one diplomat noted. Pakistani President Zia Ul-Haq has said his country is taking steps to beef up its western defenses on its own, but there are few signs of it here in the Khyher Pass.

Last week, a score of what appeared to he young recruits, dressed in civilian clothes, could he seen practicing their manual of arms in the dusty hills helow Shagai Fort.
The issue of Pakistan's ahility to defend

itself now that the Soviets are just a few miles away in Afghanistan has taken on new importance with negotiations currently underway between Washington and Islamabad over U.S. military aid for the Zia government.

Pakistani sources say that the American side has stressed in those talks that it sees the

rather than direct military action against Pakistan. Washington has offered a two-year, \$ 400 million package of nulitary and economic aid. Islamahad considers the offer "not meaningful at all," as one government source here put it.

Gen. Fazal said that "to improve the infrastructure and military hardware would cost in excess of \$ 1 hillion.

Negotiations over the aid package are continuing, and it is understood that a high level U.S. military delegation will visit Pakistan later this month to assess the government's requirements first hand. As described by Gen. Fazal, the needs are awesome.

Mountains provide a natural harrier along two-thirds of the 1,200-mile border with Afghanistan. There are seven important passes through those mountains, but the only one with a paved road is the Khyher.

To the south, Afghanistan borders on the Baluchi province of Pakistan, a much flatter and more hospitable terrain for prospective invaders, "If I were the Russians, I would avoid all this populous area" in the north. Fazal said in an interview, "I would hit the underhelly - Baluchistan."

The army's infrastructure problems are obvious in the Khyher Pass, he said, Bridges in the pass are 100 narrow to handle heavy vehicles, and the railroad route is so steep that an engine can pull no more than five railroad cars.

He said that Pakistani radar "is virtually nonexistent along the western border." Soviet helicopter gunships could fly across the border, attack Afghan refugee camps here, and he back in Afghanistan before they were detected, he admitted, "They can do it with impunity," he said, "By the time our planes could get in the air they would he hack" across the border.

"Of course if that happened," Fazal added. 'we would have to strike back. That is where the danger lies of this escalaring into something bigger than anybody wants.

The problems are in some ways worse to the south, the general said. "We are extremely thin on the ground, particularly in

Pakistani officials say the main dangers that could lead to a horder confrontation with the Soviets would he any "hot pursuit" of Afghan rebels into Pakistan by Russian troops and peremptory Soviet or Afghan strikes against rebel encampments on this side of the border.

Just east of the Pakisian entrance to the Khyher Pass is a plaque that tells the history of the famous landmark and says, "Gone are the days of raiding and fighting against alien power" - fighting which Rudyard Kipling once described in verse:

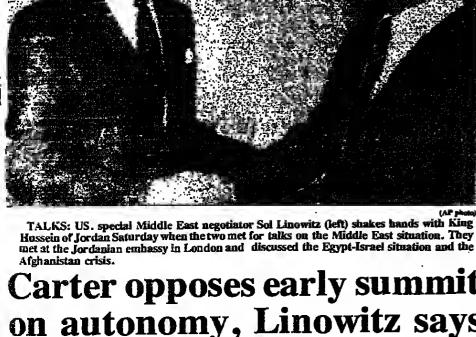
"The flying bullet down the pass "That whistles shrill, all flesh is grass." In Pakistan, the next few months are seen





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Carter opposes early summit on autonomy, Linowitz says

TEL AVIV. Jan. 26 (R) — U.S. special Middle East negocator Sol Linowitz has said that President Jimmy Carter opposed the idea of an early summit with Egypt and Israel to add fresh impetus to the Palestinian autenomy talks.

In an interview with Israeli television Friday night before leaving Washington for the Middle East, Linowitz refused to describe the talks as deadlocked and said the U.S. had no pians at the moment to present its own prop-

U.N. prepares report on Israeli violations

GENEVA, Jan. 26 (R) - A United Nations committee set up to investigate Israeli human rights violations in the occupied Arah territories has selected cases for detailed reports and will interview witnesses at a meeting next May, the U.N. has

announced. The three-member panel, in a series of meetings which ended Friday, examined evidence concerning Palestinians freedom of movement, expropriation of property and conditions of detention.

"We are there (in the talks) as a catalyst to find areas of agreement, focus on areas of disagreement and try to search for common ground," he said.

In rejecting Israel's autonomy plan last week, the Egyptians said it offered only

who have boycotted the talks so far, "would

The interview was taped just hefore meet Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and attend an Egyptian-Israeli negotiating ses-

"It's not the intention of the U.S. at the

present time to put forward its own proposals," he added, although he did not rule out the idea in the future.

limited self-rule while the 1977 Camp David accords called for full autonomy. Linowitz said he thought the Palestinians,

find it difficult not to respond positively," if the autonomy talks proceeded in such a way that Palestinians on the West Bank and the Gaza Strip felt they had something to gain. He denied that the U.S. planned to put pressure on Israel to make further concessions on the Palestinian issue.

Linowitz's departure for London where he met Jordan's King Hussein. He will later

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Flight to Tehran demanded

Hijack fails after hostages slip away

MIAMI, Florida, Jan. 26 (AP) - A man wno hijacked a U.S. jet airliner with 65 people aboard and demanded to fly to Iran has been taken into custody in Cuba after the passengers sneaked off the plane. None of the oassengers or crew was injured and they were returned to the United States, U.S. officials

The man, who was accompanied on the flight by his wife and two daughters - seven months and two years old - surrendered nearly 14 hours after hijacking the Delta Airlines L-1011 over North Carolina Friday, according to U.S. Federal Aviation Administration spokesman Fred Farrar in Washington and Delta spokesman Dick Jones in Miami.

Arthur Nehrbass, special agent in charge of the U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation office in Miami, where the plane landed at 6:36 p.m. identified the man as Samuel

Alben Ingram Jr., 29, of Atlanta, Georgia. Nehrbass said Ingram, his wife and their children were being beld in Cuba and be didn't know wbether Cubans would return them to the United States.

"We're still putting the story together," Nehrbass said. "The crew tells us the Cuban authorities were very cooperative. Some of the passengers are exhausted, but otherwise everyone is all right."

The plane's passengers and crew were deoriefed by government authorities before going through customs and continuing on Friday to New York, the flight's original des-

Authorities bad said the man - who seized

the jet at 1:51 a.m. apparently had been armed with one or more guns. There were no reports of shooting.

One of the passengers, Lynn Martin, 19, of Dallas, Texas, said in Miami: "he (the hijacker) did not threaten the passengers. The captain told us he was armed, I don't know with wbat,"

She said the hijacker was in the cockpit while his wife and daughters were asleep in their seats while the plane was on the ground in Havana.

She said the passengers began sneaking out the back of the plane and to the ground via a truck used to raise food to the plane.

'His wife and kids were in their seats asleep and be was in the cockpit and we just snuck out," she said before being hustled off by Delta staff members. "It was nervewracking."

The wide-bodied jet, Flight 1116, landed at Cuba's Aose Marti airport at 4:03 a.m. after being seized over Greensboro, North Carolina, while en route from Atlanta to New

State Department spokesman David Passage said in Wasbington that the Cubans had refused to provide the hijacker with a plane to Tehran. Delta said the L-1011 was not equipped to cross the ocean.

Delta spokesman Gordon Barrington said in Atlanta that the plane carried 51 adult passengers, two infants and a crew of 12.

Luis Fernandez, an air traffic control supervisor in Havana, said that Cuban immigration officers and guards bad surrounded the plane.

Refugees continue exodus despite Hanoi's restrictions

BANGKOK, Jan. 26 (AP) - Vietnamese "boat people" are fleeing in greater numbers than at any ome since last May, many of them running a gauntlet of pirates to reach the

shores of Thailand. Almost 3.500 arrived in countries of first asylum during December and more are expected this month, despite a reaffirmation by the Vietnamese government that it is

doing its best to balt the exodus. Most of the Vietnamese last year found their way to Malaysia, Hong Kong and Indonesia but the recent flow has been to Thailand. Most of the new refugees say they tried to

steer clear of Thailand because of the threat of priate attacks but their small crafts were blown off course.

Western relief officials who bave interviewed large numbers of the new arrivals in southern Thailand say virtually all had been looted, and sometimes brutalized, by the sea-going brigands.

Refugees from Vietnam swelled to 76,774 last May. An internadonal outcry, however, pressured Hanoi into stemming a highly organized exodus which involved payment to

than 3,000 fled, There is no evidence that the Vietnamese government bas fallen back on its promises but refugee officials say it is clear that bribery and collusion must exist at least at the local

authorities for passages out of the country. In

June, 1979 the outflow drapped to 1,044 and

remained minimal until October when more

The international focus has shifted from the boat people but relief officers who work on the problem say their plight may be even greater than previously.

Almost all the boats that bave made it to southern Thailand over the past two months bave been tiny river craft - generally smaller and less seaworthy than the fishing boats used

He said the passengers were served a spack and lunch.

Wayne Smith, head of the U.S. Interest Section in Havana, said the hijacker allowed some Cubans to board the plane to help tend to technical details, but he required the Cubans to strip to their underwear.

The flight began Thursday in Los Angeles and stopped in Dallas before arriving in Atlanta, taking off from there at 1 a.m. for Kennedy International Airport, in New

The last hijacking of a U.S. airline to Cuba occurred June 11, 1979, when a man took over a Delta jet en route from new York to Fort Lauderdale, Florida, The passengers and crew were allowed to return to the Uni-

Scientist hails forced isolation of Sakharov

LONDON, Jan. 26 (R) - A member of the Soviet Academy of Sciences said leading dissident Andrei Sakharov bad upset the enore community of Soviet scientists and they all agreed with the Kremlin's decision to banish him, according to Moscow Radio.

Yevgeniy Fedorov, speaking yesterday on Moscow Radio's external sservices program 'Peace and Prngress" monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation, said his colleagues and all Soviet people were fed up with Sakharov's statements.

Fedorov said Sakharov had expressed solidarity with opponents of peace, disarmament and relaxation of international tension, and supported such reactionary regimes as the Pimochet military government in Chile. Sakharov was detained in Moscow on

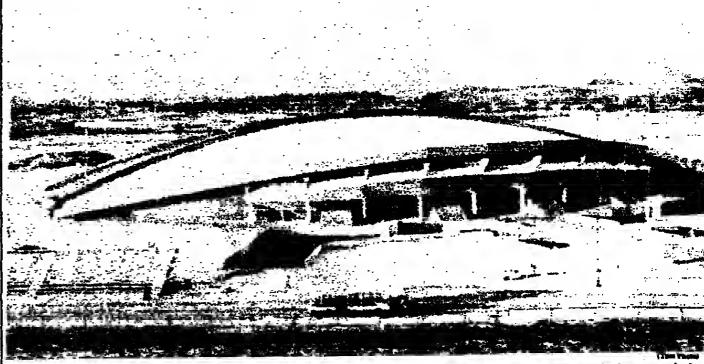
Tuesday and put on a plane for Gorky, a town closed to foreigners 250 km, east of the capi-An official announcement later said he had

been stripped of all his Soviet awards but made no mention on bis membership of the Academy of Sciences, which bas a measure of independence from the government. Fedorov referred to the 1975 Nobel peace

prize winner as "academy member Sakharov. He said "the entire community of Soviet scientists" was in complete agreement with

the decision taken on Sakharov, and "I personally believe that it should have been taken considerably earlier, since no warning to this person produced any result."

"I consider the decision by the Soviet government .. on measures against academy member Sakharov to be thoroughly jus-



BIG INVESTMENT: An indoor cycle track in Krylatskoye, near Mescow, part of the Soviet Union's multi-million dellar investment in the 1980 Summer Olympics.

Will compete in winter games

Moscow insists Olympics will go

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Agencies) - The Soviet Union will attend the Winter Olympic games at Lake Placid, New York, next month and will stage the summer games in Moscow whatever the United States does, a Soviet official says.

"We shall fulfil our Olympic Commitments," said Vladimir Popov, first deputy chairman of the Moscow Olympics Organizing Committee, answering quesoons in Moscow from television presenter David Frost, His comments were released in advance of Saturday screening on the British Commercial Network.

"We would not work counter to the spirit of the Olympic games," Popov replied, when asked if the Soviet Union will retaliate if the U.S. boycotts the summer games because of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Popov rejected any comparison, between the Moscow olympics and the 1936 games in Berlin wheo Adolf Hitler was German dictator.

"We are convinced that the games will take place as expected," he said.

In the same program, national opinion polls reported a survey of British opinion on the Olympics found 51 per cent favor Britain's taking part in the Moscow games, 43 believe some action should be taken, and 6 per cent don't know.

Conservative Premier Margaret

another country, but 76 per cent of those questioned in the poll said governments sbould not use sport in political circums-

After the House of Representatives vote Thursday night, and with the Senate almost certain to approve the measure, the Moscow organizers may be preparing to bold the games without American ath-While this would be a blow to the

games" prestige, there is still a possibility that Moscow would try to turn it to advantage by portraying the pull-out as a sign of American bostility to international cooperation. Meanwhile White House officials were to go before the U.S. Olympic Committee

Saturday to make their case for a possible boycott of the Olympic games in Moscow. But USOC heads say it is doubtful any agreement will be reached bere. 'Our primary interest is in the survival and enhancement of the Olympic move-

ment," said William B. Tutt, one of sixlarge members of the USOC executive "The Olympics are one of the last bastions of peace and good will left in the world, and now they bave been jeopar-

dized," be said. "Everybody really supports the Olympic movement. It's just too bad that

The two-day meeting of the USOC execuove board members is expected to receive resolutions calling for an immediate boycott of the summer games - as well as recommendations that Americans participate.

U.S. President Jimmy Carter has asked that the games be moved, postponed or canceled if Soviets do not withdraw from Afghanistan by Feb. 20. If the Soviets remain and the Internacional Olympic Committee rejects his request, he said he would ask American athletes to decline to participate.

Robert J. Kane, USOC president, said before the meeting, "It is doubtful they can come to a final decision because so many factors are not known."

The USOC does not bave to make a decision on sending athletes to the games until May 19. Carter's recommendation and any action taken by the board will be presented Feb. 9 to the IOC, which controls the games.

Joseph R. Scagzo, represenong the wrestling division of the Amateur Athletic Union, planned to introduce a resolutions bere calling on Carter to make a more definiove statement on the Olympics.

"The Olympic Committee should not develop foreign policy," said Scalzo.



Venice fights to keep its feet dry

VENICE, Jan. 26 (OFN\$) - After the most menacing floods since the disaster of 1966, Venice is sending a delegadon to Rome to urge the government to revive plans for three barrages to protect the city.

The municipality is also taking powers to commandeer the unoccupied first-and second-story apartments of absentee owners and tenants (some of them wealthy non-Italians) to house Venedans whose ground-floor bouses have become uninhabitable.

Flooding in Venice goes in cycles. Judged by the water's depth, the duration of the floods and the alarming speed at which the sea rushes in, this winter is one of the worst within memory.

In November 1966, the floods rose six feet, four inches above median sea-level. The first sign that 1979-80 would be a dangerous winter came on Sept. 24 when the water reached four feet, six inches the highest tidal surge so early in the year

for almost two decades. On Nov. 18 it rose again to four feet, one inch but with a difference. Normally, when the tide goes out, the water goes down. This time it remained for five days. and St. Mark's Square (the lowest part of the city) was still under water on Dec. 6.

"That was almost utilitieard of," says Sir Ashley Clarke, vice-chairman of the Venice in Peril Fund and a former Britisb amoassador to Rome, who now lives in Venice. "For 20 or 30 years, there hadn't been anything like that.

On the Saturday before Christmas (Dec. 22), the water rose to almost six fcet. In St. Mark's Square, it was between two and three feet deep. Many of the temporary wooden walkways, erected to enable people to get about the city during the floods, were themselves under water, or their duck-boards bad been washed away. At such times, Venetians turn out in brightly colored thigh-length waders,

worn with a Renaissance swagger.

Fortunately, the wind veered during the night, avoiding the phenomenon of 1966 when the sirocco, gusting up the Adriatic, continued for three days and nights, while a storm raging in the mountains behind the city brought additional water down to the narrow sea.

Barrages, which would temporarily close the entrance to the lagoon during the high water that occurs about 20 times a year, are the most urgent priority in the struggle to save Venice.

In December 1976, five consortia of civil engineering and construction firms submitted entries for an Italian government competition. A year ago the government rejected all five designs as unsatisfactory.

Some critics argue the government was at fault because its terms of reference required a pernament narrowing of the entrances. This would bave interfered with the normal flow of tides which clean the lagoon.

The minister of public works at the time, Gaetano Stammati, promised to set up a commission to review the problem and report back within four mouths, but nothing has been heard of it since.

Although Venice is often taken as the classic example of the failure of environmental planning, not all the news is bad. The gradual closure of the artesian wells, used by the mainland industry to extract water from the subsoil, bas reduced subsidence to a manageable one millimeter a year. Venice is no longer sinking rapidly. But past subsidence has left it more vulnerable than ever in its history.

The petro-chemical corporations on the mainland have made successful efforts to reduce the atmospheric polludon that was eroding the facades of churches and palaces.

The exemplary energy and dedication

of Venice in Peril and other international funds, which have raised about \$ 5 million since 1966, bave saved many works of architecture, sculpture and painting and bave encouraged Venetian firms to undertake their own restoration programs.

On the debit side, many of the laws and regulations enacted after the 1966 disaster are being evaded. The flow of industrial effluent into the lagoon, which was to bave stopped by the end of 1979, continues — although there has been some improvement.

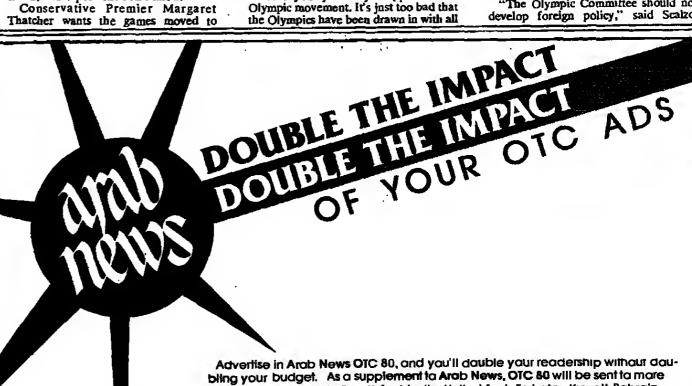
A 39-foot limit on excavation of the oil-tanker channel through the lagoon to the terminal at Porto Marghera is being ignored. It has been excavated to 46 feet.

This has not only disturbed the delicately balanced ecology of the lagoon, respected by generations of Venetians as a condition of survival, but bas also speeded erosion at the middle of the three lagoon entrances, where the channel is now about 65 feet deep. This means that, when there is a very high tide, the sea flows in with great violence.

No action has been taken on the proposal to decant the oil outside the lagoon and transport it into Marghera by pipeline.

The municipality itself has been slow in carrying out its program of damp-proofing and renovating ordinary dwellings. In consequence, the damaging exodus of Venetians to the mainland is continuing, altering soil further the balance between the expanding and prosperous population of Mestre and that of the decaying lagoon

This now has fewer than 100,000 inhabitants, whereas Mestre and Marghera have 200,000. A proposal to create a separate municipality on the mainland, which would have robbed Venice of a large part of its tax base, bas been



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On first day of Australia Test

Lloyd saves West Indies innings in Adelaide

ADELAIDE, Jan. 26 (AP) - Despite an innings of 121 from Clive Lloyd and two century partnerships, the West Indies were 303 for eight at the close of the first day of the third Test against Australia at the Adelaide Oval Saturday.

The West Indies lost two wickets in the last over of the day when Dennis Lillee took the new ball after 86 overs.

He trapped Lloyd leg before wicket and then bowled Andy Roberts with the last hall of the day to finish with the figures of four for

Although there were two century partnerships, it was West Indies captain Lloyd who

saved the day for his team. He had come to the wicket with the score at 126 for four and when be left the West Indies total had advanced to 300 for seven.

With the total at 252 for six, Australia fought its way well back into the game, but a 46-run partnership between Lloyd and

Roberts restored the innings.
Lloyd, who began shakily, batted for 187 minutes and hit 17 boundaries in what was the highest individual score by a West Indian batsman in a Test at the Adelaide Oval. A second wicket partnership of 100 in 102 ninutes between Desmond Haynes and Vivian Richards solidified the tourists.

There was a sudden collapse when the West Iodies, 115 for one at lunch, lost the wickets of Richards, Haynes and Alvin Kallicharran for only 11 runs in the first 45 minutes after resumption of play.

But any hopes Australia bad of restricting the West Indies to a mediocre total were dispelled by Lloyd and Lawrence Rowe, both of

Indian game drawn

HYDERABAD, Jan. 26 (R) - The three-day match between India's South Zone and the Pakistan tourists ended in a draw here Suturday.

Pakistan: 293 for 4 declared and 216 for 7 declared. South Zone: 270 for 8 declared and 141 for 5.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26 (AP) - 1t was a

night when the big boys of the National Bas-

ketball Association got trimmed down to

The three tenms with a best records in the

league, the Philadelphia 76ers, Boston Cel-

ties and Seattle Supersonics, all came up

losers Friday, and so did the Kunsas City

Tamnal Wilkes' 30 points led the Los Ange-

les Lakers to their 11th consecutive victory at

home, a 124-103 defeat of the 76ers, whose

nine-game winning streak came to an end.

defeated the Celtics 118-107, the Chicago

Bulls defeated the Kings 113-107 in over-

nme, the San Antonio Spurs beat the Super-

sonics 125-116, the Phoenix Suns trounced

the Milwaukee Bucks 110-96, the New York

Knicks overtook the Golden State Warriors

110-105, the Indiana Pacers trimmed the San

Diego Clippers 139-117 and the Detroit Pis-

The Lakers picked up a full game oo the

Sonics in the Pacific Division and trail Seattle by 11/2 games. Wilkes was followed in the

scoring column by Kareem Abdul-Jabbar

Philadelphia led by as many as nine points in the first quarter before the Lakers began to

outscore the 76ers 22-8 during the first 61/2

minutes of the second quarter to take a 48-38

Swingman Roger Phegley came off the

bench to score eight points in both the second and fourth periods and help Washington

band Boston only its fourth home loss in 25

games. Elvin Hayes and Bob Dandridge led

the Bullets with 25 points each and Wes Unseld contributed 17. The Celtics sliced a

and Norm Nixon, each with 24 points.

toos beat the New Jersey Nets 119-116.

In other games, the Washington Bullets

Kings, who lead the Mideast Division.

whom put on 113 in 120 minutes for the fifth wicket with Lloyd the dominant partner.

When Rowe was out with a score at 239 for five, Deryck Murray stayed long enough to bit a boundary before being caught at backward leg off Geoff Dymock.

The West Indies then crashed, losing a further two wickets for 11 runs to be 252 for

That ... situation could bave been even worse had Lloyd not been dropped by Ashley Mallett in the gully off Dymock when at 86 and the total 258.

After the swift demise of Greenidge the day looked in danger of being dominated by West Indian champion hatsman Vivian Richards. He was dominant while at the wicket for his 76 runs, scoring off 72 deliveries

(AP) - Top-seeded Jimmy Connors advan-

joined by unseeded John Sadri, who con-

tinued his week-long run of upset in the U.S.

Connors will play the winner of Friday

night's quarterfinal between Billy Scanlon

and Gene Mayer, while Sadri qualified to go against the second-seeded John McEnroe,

who beat 10th-ranked Jose-Luis Clerc of

The 27-year-old Connors, seeking an

unprecedented fourth championship in this

tournament, bad little trouble ousting Woj-

tek Flbak of Poland 6-2, 6-2 in their round-

Sadri, a power-serving player, surprised

Connors, who is ranked no. two among the

world's pro tennis stars, broke through

Fibak's serve in the fifth game of the first set

when the 27-year-old Pole netted a return of

Ricky Sobers scored eight points on over-

time and David Greeowood added four for

Chicago to belp defeat Kansas City 113-107.

The Kings appeared to have won in regula-

tion time when Bill Robinzine made two free

throws with 26 seconds left for a 94-91 lead,

but Chicago's Reggie Thous hit a three-point

basket with 10 seconds to go and Sobers put

the Bulls to front to stay with a 20-foot jump

shot midway through the overtime period. George Gervin and James Siles teamed up

for 21 points lo the final period as San Antonio woo its fourth game in a row 125-

116, ended Seattle's eight-game winning streak; Gervin finished with 39 points,

including eight in the final quarter, and Silas scored 13 of his 32 in the last period. Gus

Truck Robinson's 23 points led a balanced

Phoenix attack. The Suns led and the closest

the Bucks game after that was 14 points

despite 132 by Marques Johnson and 24 by

The Knicks, ied by rooki Bill Cartwright and Michael Ray Richardson, came from 15 points behind. Cartwright scored 31 points,

including 10 in the last quarter. Richardson scored nine polots in the final period, during

which the Knicks outscored the Warriors

Billy Knight scored a career-high 44 points and six other Pacers finished in double

figures. James Edwards had 21 points, 12 of

them in the first period, and Alex English

came off the bench to score 20. Lloyd Free

scored 27 points for San Diego, but bad only

nine in the second balf, which began with the

Rookie Grego Kelser's slam-dunk with 28

seconds remaining capped a furious Detroit

31-11, and finished with 24,

Clippers bolding a 72-68 edge.

Williams led Seattle with 24 points.

Sydney Monreif.

fifth-seeded Harold Solomon 6-2, 7-5 in

Pro Indoor Tennis Tournament.

Argentina.

of-eight competition.

their quarterfinal.

Top teams downed

Basketball giants defeated

His partner, Desmond Haynes, was content to play a secondary with his 28 runs taking 128 minutes. At lunch Richards had 76 and Haynes 28.

in 105 minutes within 13 fours.

فكر الما من الما صل

Neither, bowever, was to increase his total. Richards was caught at the wicket cutting Lillee. Haynes suddenly took an uncharacteristic swing at a ball from Mallett which flew to Dennis Lillee at backward leg.

Australia immediately applied pressure by crowding the two new batsmen. The move was successful, with Kallichar-

ran struggling for 44 minutes for nine runs before being caught at slip by Ian Chappell. He moved down the pitch to drive Mallett but found the ball spinning off the outside

with his timing. He began to find his rythym when he reached the 30s. He weot on to bis 50 in 89 minutes with seven fours.

from the ground.

runs after lunch.

His confidence grew as he batted and he began hitting square to the wicket, driving straight and forcing the hall through mid wic-ket. He reached his 100 in 164 minutes with 13 fours from 141 deliveries.

The ball hit Marsh oo the glove and deflec-

ted well forward off lan Chappell at slip, who

dived full length to bold the catch inches

It took the West Indies an hour to score 16

Lloyd began shakily while Rowe was off

As does McEnroe Connors goes to Philadelphia semifinals PHILADELPHIA, Pennsylvania, Jan. 26

Connors broke Fibak, seeded no. nine, in the seventh game when, after a long exchange, Flbak netted a deep forehand shot ced to the semifinals Friday night and was by Connors. Connors finished the set with an overhead

forehand smash that caught Fibak flatfooted. In the second set, Connors broke Fibak in the first game as he hit the ball hard and saved one point with a backhand volley for a 40-15 advantage. He then bit a foreband drive which Flbak netted.

Connors came back from 30-40 to win game six, the deciding point on an overhead smash. And in game seven, Connors ralled from 40-love to win on a fifth breakpoint to take a 5-2 lead. He beld service to close out the set and match.

MeEnroe broke Clerc's serve in the second game of the first set to lead 2-0. They held serve until the eighth game when McEnroe put away tha 21-year-old Clerc with a back-

hand cross-court placement.
Clerc, a righthander, rallied to win the second set with the belp of a break in the fifth game. It was a love game with the deciding point on the backhand into the net, and then went on wrap up the match with an easy 6-1

third set victory.
In Friday night's other quurterfinal, the 27-year-old Mayer took the first set 6-2, breaking Scanlon in the fifth und seven games, in the second set, they beld serve until Mayer volleyed a backhand into the net and iost his serve to the 12th game.

That gave the 23-year-old Scanlon, who won the NCAA singles title in 1976, a 7-5 set victory to even the match at a set aplece.

Mayer and Scanloo each had one break in the third and final set, and it took a tiebreaker to decide the match. Mayer won the first three points in the tiebreaker and went on to win it, 7-3, for the set and the match,

The semifinal round of the doubles championship was gained in straight sets by the following teams: Wojtek Fibak and Heinz Gunthardt Brian Gottfried and Raul Ramirez, and Terry Moor and Balazs

Stadler takes lead in San Diego golf

SAN DIEGO, California Jan. 26 (AP) Craig Stadler emerged with sole control of the top spot Friday after Tom Watson sur-rendered a share of the lead with a shakey finish in the second round of the San Dlego

Open golf tournament.
Stadler, who won the Bob Hope Desert Classic two weeks ago, bad a second straight 68 and a 36-hole total of 136, eight shots

Watson, golf's player of the year for the past three seasons and opening his 1980 campaign in this event, played well behind

But Watson bogeyed the 17th, taking three from just short of the greeo, then threeputted for par-five on the 18th, missing a four-foot second putt.
That left in a tie for second at 137 with

Bobby Walzel, Ray Floyd, D.A. Welhring and longshot Terry Mauney. Watson shot n 69, Mauney 70, Walzel and Weibring 71's Floyd birdied five of his last six holes for a 67. Stadler and Floyd played the easier 6,667-yard North Course at Torrey Pines.

The other leaders were at the more difficult

7,002-yard South Course, which will be the site of the last two rounds Saturday and Sunday.

Bill Calfee, the first-round leader, slipped to a 73 and was tied at 138 with Kelth Fergus, wbo had a 71 in the cool, windy weather that

Heavyweight title defense in March

produced a few scattered raindrops.

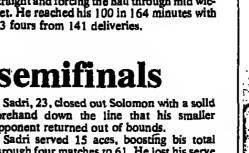
Las Vegas, Nevada, Jan. 26 (AP) — Larry Holmes will defend his World Boxing Council beavyweight title against undefeated Leroy Jones at Caesars Palace bere as part of a package that will feature four championship bouts oo March 21.

Promoter Don King's publicist Murray Goodman said Friday the Holmes-Jones bout is cootingent on a Holmes defeat of Italy's Lorenzo Zanoo in Las Vegas on Feb.

Also scheduled to fight t that night in the four-title package are John Tate, who will defend his World Boxing Association crown against Mike Weaver in Knoxville, Tennessee; Marvin Johnson will defend his WBA light-beavyweight title against Eddie Gregory of New York, also at Knoxville, WBC welterweight champioo Sugar Ray Leonard will defend his title against David "Boy" Green at Landover, Maryland.

U.S. girl breaks world mile record

AUCKLAND, Jan. 26 (R) - Mary Decker of the United States broke the women's one mile world record with a time of four minutes of 21.7 seconds at an international athletics meeting here Friday night. Her time was four-tenths of a second faster than the record held by Natalia Marasescu of



forehand down the line that his smaller opponent returned out of bounds. Sadri served 15 aces, boosting bis total

through four matches to 61. He lost his serve in the first game of the opening set against the 27-year-old Solomon, but came back to hreak Solomon in the second game.

The two held serve until Sadri broke in the sixth game for a 4-2 lead, bold serve and then hroke Solomon in the eighth to take the set. In the second set, the two held serve through nine games. Sadri lost a chance to break in the 10th after leading 40-love and failing to capitalize on three match points.

Solomon came back to win the game and oe the set 5-5. But Sadri won two straight games, iocluding a break in the 12th and deciding game of the set.

In Ogden, Utah, second seeded Sherry Acker advanced to the finals of the Avon Futures of Ogden tennis tournament Friday, with a 7-6, (7-2), 7-6, (11-9) semi-final victory over Sweden's Nina Bohm,

Acker will face Trey Lewis in Saturday's final. Lewis beat eighth-seeded Ruta Gerulaitis 6-2, 2-6, 6-2 Friday.

Acker played un attacking serve and volley game throughout the match, Lewis, 20, played an erratic three-set match to defeat Gerulaitis. Neither Lewis nor Gerulaitis was consistent, but Lewis committed fewer unforced errors.

In the Bangkok doubles in the Aslan amateur teonis championships at the Hua mark court, Indians Shanker Krishnan and Elangovan beut Japan's Ichiro Makanishi and Sholehi Tatsuno 6-4, 5-7, 6-2, 6-2.

Indonesiaos Yustedjo Tarid and Tintus bent South Koren's Yeong-Hawn Kim and Woo-Ryong Lee 6-2, 6-3, 6-4.



Benson and Hedges World Series Cup game in Adelaide last week. The wicketkeeper is David

Injured

Khan out of squash meet

LONDON, Jan. 26 (R) — Jehangir Khan. the 16 year-old world unnateur squash champion from Pakistan, has been forced to pull out of the British amateur championship due to start at Wembley here Saturday. He injured his back in training Friday

afternoon and after treatment we advised to withdraw, Jehangir, who won the world title in November at the age of 15, was the top seed

in the ubsence of Egyptlan titel holder Gamal Khun had been fancied to become only the

second player to win the world and British

amateur championships in the same season.

double is Australian Kevin Shawcross. He was to have been first on court Saturday, against Britain's Stuart Courtney, ufter a journey of only five minutes from his home nearby, Seeded to meet him in the final was his

The only player to have achleved this

computriot Atlas Khan. The third seed was Jon Leslie, the 29-year-old British lawyer who has been beaten finalist and twice a semifinalist in the event.

Jehangir's victory in the world championship last year was later overshadowed by a family tragedy.

This is the Datsun The latest Datsun/Nissan



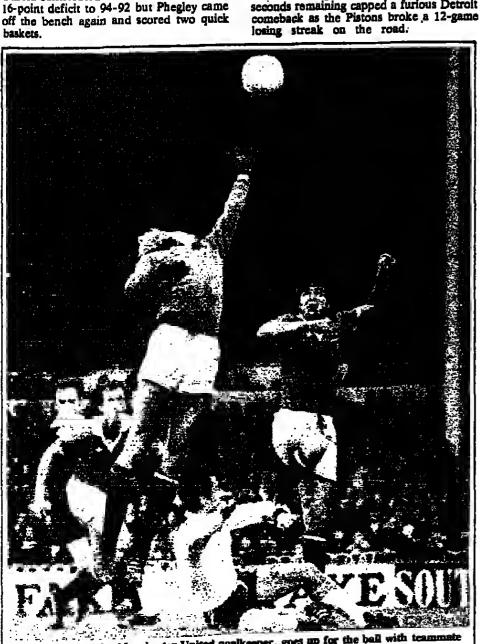
model will be on show

AL-KHOBAR,

at Algosaibi Motor Show-

from Sat. 2nd to Friday

8th February 1980.



UP: Gary Bailey, the Manchester United goalkeeper, goes up for the ball with teammate Martin Buchan on the right and Osvaldn Ardiles of Tottenham Hotspur on the ground, in

a recent White Hart Lane game.

Editor in Chief

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AL BURSCRIPTION: 87 350 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED. INTERNATIONALS 150 AIRMAIL POSTAGE LICLUDED ed and Printed at Al-Madina Printing and Publishing Co., Jeddal For Riyedh and Eastern Region

> Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES



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CARTER'S SPEECH

President Carter's State of the Union speech contained no surprises from the point of view of its content. Its main point was rather in the angle from which the president looked at the various topics he dealt with,

The speech came at the same time that the president scored his impressive victory over the other Democratic candidates in lowa; and together with that victory, it seemed to put paid to all the talk about his alleged lack of leadership, his "weakness" and "hesitancy".

President Carter owes a great to the developments in Iran nd Afghanistan. The two c to demonstrate both bis toughness and his better understanding of the popular mood in the country. The speech coutinued this, in the "strong president" stance it took, as he declared his intention to maintain the position of the United States as the strongest military power in the world. He did not forget, nevertheless, to extend the olive branch to the other side. This mixture of toughness and restraint appears to echo closely the mood of the American public.

On the question of the Middle East, Carter had nothing new to say. He reiterated his administration's commitment to the effort to find a peaceful solution based on the Camp David agreements. On the American-Iranian crisis, be noted that the events in Afghanistan ought to show the Iranian leadership that their real enemy is not the Uoited States. It is possible that the Iranians will now come to accept his offer of opening a new page in Iranian-American relations once the problem of the bostages is settled.

Carter also said that he will make the Soviet Union "pay" for its intervention in Afghanistan. The president, it is clear, realizes that he cannot force the Soviets to withdraw, but expects the progressive retaliatory measures be is adopting to create ao atmosphere which makes the withdrawal inevitable.

The speech dealt with all the internal and external issues which concerns the country. But it has to be kept in mind that the positions he took oo these are oot necessarily final and unalterable. The changes the next twelve months will bring to America and the world will require many alterations and revisions. But one thiog will not change in this year of presidential elections, and this is the president's intention of continuing and augmenting the tough as well as restrained image his administration has gained.

Russia's nuclear power plans

By Bruce Babbit

PHOENIX -Three Mile Island may have contaminated the nuclear futures of the United States, Sweden, Austria and West Germany, but it bas not diminished Soviet plans to increase nuclear power output 10 times in the 1980s. Like American ouclear advocates, the Russians say they have no realis-

Oil and gas deposits in the industrial areas of western Soviet Union are seriously depleted. The unexploited oil, gas and coal deposits are locked up in the Siberian hinterlands thousands of miles from industrial centers.

The Soviet nuclear commitment is most evident at Atommash, a giant new factory close to the Black Sea. Atommash is designed to mass-produce a oew generation of large pressurized-water reactors of the 1,000-megawatt class now used in the United States. In opting for the large pressurized-water reactor, the Russians are following dominant American reactor technology.

The first-generation Soviet pressurized-water reactors now in use are about the same size as the smaller 500-megawatt American plants built in the 1960s. The Russians bave been slow in moving up to the large reactors, primarily because of difficulties with the complex metallurgy necessary for large-scale high-pressure reactor vessels.

Three Mile Island has, bowever, had one momentous impact on the Soviet ouclear program. It has ended complacency on the value of containment structures, the reinforced-concrete domes that seal off reactors if there is an accident. Soviel scientists now recognize that the containment building at Three Mile Island was the only barrier that prevented the release of millions of curies of radioc-

The first generation of Soviet ouclear plants, which includes most plants now in operation, was built without containment structures. The Russians bad contended that their technology was so safe that containment structures were superfluous. One official tells of a ouclear-science delegation that visited the United States and came back convinced that the cootainment structures were placebos" to placate the people, "necessary because of "oega-tive dramatization" by the American press.

At a detailed briefing on reactor safety at the ministry of power and electrification, Deputy Minister Fedor Ovchinnikov said: " The eveots of Harrisburg show that cootainment is oceded to localize accideots. From now on, our reactors will be covered by containment structures." The Rus-

sians bad not previously made this policy explicit. This new safety policy was probably prompted by at least two factors as well as Three Mile Island. First, several years ago the Russians built a nuclear reactor in Finland, their first constructed outside the Eastern bloc. The Finns decided that the completed product was not safe enough and built their own containment structure.

The Russians are developing a reactor-export program; they have publicly announced commitments to build nuclear reactors in Cuba and Libya, Given Finland's experience, it seems likely that the export market will demand a higher level of safety engineering than has prevailed in the past. In the case of Cuba, 90 miles from the Florida mainland, the question of containment structures and safety engineering is of more than academic interest to

The second factor in this change of policy is a new plan to build 500-megawatt-sized reactors for direct steam beating in two Soviet cities. The plan is a return to the old municipal central steam-beating plant; since steam beat cannot be effectively transmitted for any great distance, the reactor must be built within or adjacent to the city it serves. The steam-beating program, by moving reactors into urban areas, bas generated renewed discussion of safety issues, including the oeed for containment

Ovchinnikov is quick to assert that, contrary to some Western reports, the new steam reactors will indeed be built with containment structures.

As evidence of their oew commitment to containment structures, Soviet officials point out that the first of the big second-generation pressurizedwater reactors, now nearing completion at Novovoronesh, has been built with a containment Structure.

A recent article in Kommunist, a party journal, has been widely reported in Western countries as questioning the prevailing dogma of ouclear development. Written by Nikolai Dollezhal, a prominent ouclear scientist, the article warns of the environmental hazards of indiscriminate siting and operation of nuclear plants. Dollezhal urges that ouclear reactors and any ancillary facilities for fuel reprocessing be concentrated in remote complexes far away from population ceoters.

While this article bas been read in the West as suggesting the rise of an incipieot anti-nuclear movement, Soviet scientists emphatically deoy that Dollezhal is anti-ouclear. They dismiss his remotesiting proposals as impractical.

From all available signs, the Soviet Union will remain committed to an expansive ouclear future. Nuclear power means ready electricity. It was Lenin who wrote that" Communism is Soviet power plus electrification of the entire country.'



Indian Ocean: A cockpit of U.S.-Soviet showdown By Fred Hoffman

WASHINGTON -The Indian Oceao region, which many countries once hoped would become a demilitarized "200e of peace," has become instead a cockpit of U.S.-

Soviet confrontation. Revolution in Iran, Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and unrest in other Muslim countries bave upset the precarious stability in an area which produces oil vital to the United States, Western

Europe and Japan. American strategists are coocerned that the Soviet Union's ultimate aim may be to gain strategic positions on the Gulf and Arabian Sea from which to choke off that oil in event of a future showdown with the United States,

These strategists speak of possible new Soviet moves toward this goal either by direct attack or by covert support of independence-minded ethnic minorities in Iran and Pakistan.

So far, U.S. and Soviet forces facing each other in that area are coocentrated in naval squadrons which bave been built up to record strengths - 25 Ameri-

can and 24 Soviet ships.

The Soviet and U.S. navies in those waters are watching and waiting, showing their respective flags

but making oo threatening moves.

The most powerful of the U.S. Navy ships deployed in the region are three aircraft carriers and their escorting destroyers, cruisers and frigates in the Arabian Sea, east of Oman in position to cover the Strait of Hormuz, the entrance to the

The giant carrier Nimitz and two cruisers, all nuclear-powered, recently replaced the carrier Kitty Hawk and four other ships so they could return bome to California after a long deployment,

Following departure of the Kitty Hawk battle group from the Indian Ocean in about a week, U.S. naval strength there will decline to 20 ships, still considerably more than in the past,

In addition to aircraft carrier battle groups io the Arabian Sea, the five-ship Mideast force is in the Gulf and the Red Sea, A guided-missile destroyer, The Ricketts, is at Bahrain, while the command ship Lasalle and the frigates Miller and Ainsworth are at sea in the Gulf. The frigate Glover is cruising io the Red Sea.

The destroyer Ray is stopping at the U.S. oaval base on the British island of Diego Garcia, some 3,700 kilometers from the Strait of Hormuz. It is being serviced by a tender, The Dixie, which was brought to Diego Garcia from the Pacific to provide repair and other oecessary maintenance for the Indian Ocean squadron.

Diego Garcia is the only U.S. military base in the vast region extending around the rim of the Indian Ocean, the Gulf and in Southwest Asia. Under U.S. President Jimmy Carter's policy of

maintaining a U.S. military presence in that volatile region, U.S. negotiators have been discussing with officials in Oman, Somalia and Kenya the possibility that American warships and naval patrol planes may use their bases and fields.

The U.S. Navy has around 1,500 men at Diego Garcia, mostly technicians and construction It is uncertain what bases in Oman, Somalia, Kenya might be made available to U.S. forces. The principal ports and fields in Oman are at Dhofar and Muscat, and Berbera in Sumalia and Mombassa in Keoya.

The Soviet naval squadron in the Indian Ocean operates in the western part of the Gulf of Aden, around Socotra Island, which long has been one of its priocipal anchorages, and in the northern Ara-

The Soviets have statlooed a small number of ships near the Strait of Hormuz appareotly to keep a close eye on the American carrier forces there, Four Soviet Il-38 naval reconnaissance planes customarily fly out of Aden in South Yemeo to observe the U.S. Fleet movements,

The Soviets, who bave supported the Ethiopians against Somalia, bave used the Ethiopian ports of Massawa and Assab for their fleets units, including a floating drydock which reportedly was moved to Massawa after the Soviets were ejected from Berbera by Somalia.

Occasionally, the Soviet fleet bas had access to the Iraqi port of Umm Qasar at the bead of the

The British fleet sends a task force of about six ships into the Indian Ocean about twice a year, but. the British have bad no permanent force in that area since the late 1960s and early 1970s.

Although ofteo overlooked, the French navy and some of its ground forces have been present in the Indian Ocean and Gulf of Adeo area on a constant The Soviet Union has thrust closer than ever

before to the Indian Ocean overland in its invasion of Afghanistan. At last report, there were some 85,000 Soviet troops in Afghanistan, with about 25,000 of them deployed in the western part of the country from Herat southward and southeastward

toward Kandahar.

About 50,000 are in the Kabul area in eastern Afghanistan and toward Jalalabad, while some 5,000 are believed arrayed in northeastern Afghanistan where anti-Marxist rebel resistance is said to be most stubborn.

The Afghanistan government army, which totaled about 100,000 before the Soviet invasion, is believed to bave withered to about balf that oumber because of desertions and defections. It is sprea throughout the country and under the most pressure io the northeast,

Nervous Pakistan, next door to Afghanistao, has armed forces totaling about 430,000 men, many deployed facing India.

There were recent reports that Pakistan had moved forces toward the Afghanistan border into defensive positions. The main military bases in Pakistan are at Chaklala, Masroor, Sargodha Mauripur, Risalpur and Karachi. Some U.S. strategists believe the Soviets have their eyes or Karachi as their loog-sought warm-water port.

Letter to the editor

Communism

I bave read the "Saudi Commeot" published in Arab News oo Jan. 16. We Afghans very much appreciate the leading and justified position taken by Saudi Arabia against the Soviet aggression in Afghanistan.

As indicated correctly in your paper we must demonstrate to the ecemies of Islam in deeds not in words only, that all Muslims are one nation and brothers, as the Holy Koran teaches.

Io this most difficult and critical momeot when Russians are engaged in inhuman acts by killing innoceot people, looting and destroying villages and cities, we Afghans would like to draw the attention of all Muslim states so that they can help the Muslims of Afghanistan — morally, and financially. They should take actions which could resist the immoral and brutal Soviet aggression and belp the Mujahideens fight this evil superpower.

Afghanistan is in no way similar to Czechoslovakia, Hungary or Vietnam. Afghanistan is part of the Maslim world and a faithful member of the United Nations and an old member of nonaligned

We Muslims of Afghanistan are first, seeking refuge in Almighty Allah to belp us overcome this very difficult task.

Secondly, our bopes are certainly pinned on our Muslim brothers all over the world to rise above all minor differences, unite under the flag of Islam and put into effect the teachings of Koran by directly declaring the Holy Jihad against internal and external enemies of Islam.

. The war in Afghanistan is not for nur material gain. We are resisting the dirty ideology of Marx

and Lenlo which bas been forced upon us for many years. If this is achieved, theo Russia will proceed smoothly to its destination. We appeal to all Muslim brothers, in the name of Almighty Allah and Islam. to adhere to the principles of Islam and belp your brothers by any possible meaos. This is not for the sake of prestige but it is a battle between Islam and

Please oote that Russia was called into Afghanistan by a small group of traitors, who are not true Muslims or Afghans. Don't Muslims have the right to rescue their brothers in Afghanistan? We strongly feel that Musbin countries should cut

diplomatic relations with Russia and the Russian bloc and stop trade and cultural ties with all non-Muslim countries supporting the Russian aggressioo in Afghanistan. · All the facts of this aggressioo are known by the Russians, but they are proceeding with the idea that

"might is right." Most Western nations have strongly coodemned the Russian invasion of Afghanistao and have taken

practical measures to curb the brutality of 'godless Communists in Afghanistan. What are Muslim nations doing, theo, with the

wealth, power and influence granted to them by

We (your Muslim brothers in Afghanistan and the Mujahideen) appeal to you in the name of Almighty Allah for moral and material support. We ask for your direct participation with us against Commonist Russia uoder the spirit of Jihad and according to the teaching of Islam.

Wali Muhammad

saudi press review

All the newspapers Saturday led with Crown Prince Fand's interview with the North Yemeni daily Al Thawra, While Al Medina quoted the Crown Prince as saying We disapprove of establishing foreign bases in any Arab country", Al Riyadh reported bim saying that "We reject the policy of pacts and foreign bases and King Hussein did not bring us any plans." In a lead, Al Jazirah quoted the Crown Prince as saying,"The strength of the Arab and Islamic nation lies in its solidarity." Okaz highlighted bis stress on a collective solution to the Middle East crisis and Al Yom gave promineoce to the Crown Prince's assertion that the solidarity of Arab and Islamic natioo is the basic element in confronting the dangers surrounding it.

Na vspapers frontpaged Kuwait's attack on U.S. President

in the Gulf and gave front-page treatment to reported military moves on Israel's eastern front.

The one day postponement of the Islamic Foreign Ministers Conference in Islamabad figured prominently oo the front pages of papers which also reported Soviet and European sources alerting Syria of a possible invasion by Israel. Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal's reported denial of the Kingdom's intention to present a working paper to the Islamabad conference appeared promineotly on the front page of Al Jazirah which also quoted the foreign minister as saying that Saudi Arabia would support any resolution serving the interests of the people of Afghanistan.

Commenting on the Islamabad conference, Al Riyadh said the Islamic world is in dire need for a Jimmy Carter's threat to intervene new strategy to guarantee its

future. The first issue before the conference will be the search for ways to quell the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. The second issue will be the position of occupied Jerusalem in the light of normalization betweeo Egypt and Israel . It is time to take a unified stand because any single country will not be able to confront the colonialist attacks, it said.

In an editoral Al Medina hoped that the Islamabad conference would give up the traditional form of the conferences in view of the delicate situation as a result of the Soviet invasioo of Afghanistan, It said that the Soviets do not take international denunciation seriously because it does not barm their interests. The paper boped the conference's resolutions will effect economic relatioos between the Soviet Union and the Islamic world that would weaken the Russian influence inside the "iron curThe paper urged that every

effort be made to close all the doors on Communist infiltration in developing countries and emphasized the inevitability of preparing plans to confront Communism and to fortify people against the "Communist octopus."

Al Bilad said the Soviet Union's attack on Afghanistan was in preparation for war against Islam and to make the Muslim country a bridge to oew places in the Islamic world. The paper said, Saudi Arabia extended all-out support to the Afghan Muslims and royal approval was forthcoming to collect donations for the Afghan fighters. It reminded that Islamic faith and solidarity are the most effective weapons with which to confront the challenges surroun-

Al Nadwa also called for effec-

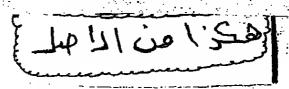
ding the Islamic world.

tive steps to confroot the Soviet invasioo of Afghanistan. The paper highlighted Crown Prince Fand's reaffirmation of the Kingdom's rejection of pacts and foreign bases on Arab territories.

Okaz endorsed the Crown Prince's views on the bases. It said that a just peace would require concerted efforts and deep understanding of the real dangers of Zionism and emphasized that solidarity can provide a real strength.

Al Jazirah spoke about the end of war between Egypt and Israel and the beginning of the normalization. It described Saturday, Jan. 26 as a "black day" in the contemporary history of the Arabs. It said that nothing could be more painful and grievous than to see the Zionists enter Egypt to live among its people with all their corruption, conspiracies and subversive activities.





Notable nonagenarians

By R.W. Apple

LONDON - The occasion was a dinner at the Garrick Club, the London lair of actors and writers, to mark the 70th birthday of W. Somerset Maugham. The great man himself, stammer and all, was the speaker. "There are many advantages attached to the p-p-process of getting old," be said. He paused, and his fellow septuagenarians leaned forward in keen anticipation. "But I can't for the life of me remember." Maugham added at last, "w-w-what on earth they are."

Maugham lived to be 91 yeas old, and was reasonably active and alert almost to the end. were unborn; so were Stravinsky, Bartok, Hindemith, Picasso, Epstein and James Joyce. Sigmund Freud was 23 and had published nothing; Einstein was 3 months old, Karl Marx had four years to live. Brahms had not yet written his last two symphonies and Dvorak and Mahler bad written none of theirs; Puccini had not yet begun La Boheme; Parsifal, Ghosts and the Bruthers Karamazov were unwritten; Verdi had not yet begun on Otello or Falstaff; nearly three-quarters of the United Nations did not exist as independent countries."The war between the States bad been over for a mere 14 years.

The relative abundance of eminent



Lord Shinwell, 95, will be remembered for a choice and a slap.

It is rare in most countries, including the United States, to hear of people who, at 90 years of age or more, are famous for anything other than being 90 years of age or more. But not, for some reason, in England; there is a whole roster of notable British nonegenarians who still lead vigorous lives.

On April 8, Sir Adrian Boult, the conductor who founded the BBC Symphony Orchestra, celebrated his 90th hirthday hy publishing a new book, "Music and Letters" and by retreating into the country to escape from an avalanche of telegrams and telephone calls, to say nothing of three gala concerts in his honor. On Oct. 31, Lord Noel-Baker, Quaker, crusader for disarmament, winner of the Nobel Peace Prize in 1959, celebrated his 90th birthday by addressing the Royal Institute of International Affairs on "the unending struggle for world peace" Last year, Dame Matte Rambert, dancer and hallet mistress, still supple as a girl, celebrated her 90th with a radio interview in which she recalled arriving in London for the first time at the outhreak of World War I in the same railway car with Nijinsky ("1 said, 'Why have we stopped here?' he said, 'This is London.' I said, 'Where?' It was one of those nonagenarians here is all but impossible to explain with precision. Britain's population, like that of most of Europe, is aging rapidly; people are living longer and baving fewer children. One result is that London's population is expected to fall from 7.9 million in 1961 to 5.7 million in 1991. At hirth, today's crop of nonagenarians had a life expectancy of about 44; children born tomorrow will have a life expectancy of 70. But why should so many men and women who have worked unusually hard all of their lives, shouldered heavy hurdens and absorbed their fair share of the stresses of our century bave survived so long in Great Britain?

Perhaps it has something to do with the way the old are treated in a society where youth has never become a cult. Although British public pensions are small-half the size of those of the Netherlands, for example and although one reads increasingly of some forgotten old person, the elderly are accorded a certain respect and affection. Whether they live in villages or in big cities or as many do, in seaside resorts like Torquay and Bournemouth, they can expect a "Morning, Luv", from the newspaper vendor, a seat on a bus nr



Lord Brockway. 91, asks more questions in the House of Lords than any other peer.

pea-soup fogs. I couldn't breathe.") There are others, too, like Sir Thomas Sopwith, 91 the last of those magnificent men in their flying machines, designer of the legendary Camel hiplane of more than 60 years ago, and Elizabeth Craig, 96, who published another of her numerous cookbooks last year, and Cathleen Neshitt, 91, the silver-haired aetress who played in My Fair Lady and Gigi and Sabrina Fair on Broadway. And all are striplings compared with Sir Robert Mayer, who has spent most of his life as a patron of music, especially music for the young. Sir Robert turned 100 on June 5, after

Born in Germany, he met Brahms when he was 11. As Bernard Levin wrote in a centenary essay, "When Sir Robert Mayer was born, in Mannheim, the clectric light had not been invented; nor had the motorcar, cinematography, X-rays, wireless, the Nobel Prize or the Statue of Liberty, Hitler, Stalin, Mao Zedong, and Franklin D. Roosevelt

which he set off on an American lecture tour.

a helping hand up a steep step. Anyone who reaches his 100th hirthday can count on

receiving a telegram from the Queen. The old who have accomplished great things are treated especially well. Like Cicero, the British have always helieved that intelligence, reflection and judgement reside in old men, and it is still the custom to grant life peerages to men and women in the twilight of their careers. They visit the House of Lords, where they can comment upon and occasionally even influence the events of the day. The point is not that peers and peeresses have vast power but that many public figures who might otherwise feel shunted aside have the chance, if they want it, to continue to participate. At last count, 13 of the 1,190

members of the Lords were over 90. Or perhaps it has something to do with the weather. Francis Bacon argued that "age is a great but slow dryer" and said that life in cool, damp climates promoted long life hy keeping the skin tight and preventing the

escape of vital moisture. Very little moisture escapes from anything in Engand.

كزا من الأما

Most likely, however, it is simply chance that has preserved so many eminent contemporary Britons into their 90s. At least, that seems to be the considered view of five of the best known - Lord Brockway and Lord Shinwell, Catherine Bramwell-Booth, Her Royal Highness Princess Alice, Countess of Athlone, and Ben Travers.

Archibald Fenner Brockway, who was made a baron after he lost this seat in the House of Commons in 1964, asks more questions in the House of Lords than any other peer. He also gets more mail; so much, in fact, that the postal clerk has set up a special box for him instead of the usual pigeonhole.

At 91, he retains an unshakable belief in the ideals - internationalism, socialism, pacifism - that have motivated bis entire life. Born in Calcutta, the son and grandson of missionaries, be describes himself as an agnostic whose "whole attitude to life is spiritual" a feeling of indentification with all nature, all mankind, all life, the wbole of the past, the whole of the future." The acids of political and social cambat have never eroded his idealism, and be is the sort of man who is incapable of bating an opponent, even if be hates the opponent's politics.

"Fenner just basn't got the double standards of so many of those on the left," a Conservative peer commented last year. "He really does mind about justice and human righs, and he minds equally whether they are flouted in Russia or Chile. He is also a fundamentally decent man; indeed, be is unaware of the wickedness that there is in human

Lord Brockway was converted to socialism by no less than James Keir Hardie, the father of the Labor party, whom he was sent to interview as a young journalist in 1908. Keir Hardie was the first in a series of great men wbo hecame his friends: "Wells, Shaw, Russell, Nehru, Gandhi, Kenyatta, Orwell, Galsworthy ...'

"It was an enormous privilege," he recalled." Shaw once said, 'If I ever meet God, I'll tell him be's in my debt, because I made the world better.' I don't feel that way. I've taken far more out of life than I have given."

Few would agree with that typically modest judgement. Brockway's idealistic pacifism led to his imprisonment during World War I, when be refused to enter the military, and then to involvement in the campaign he attributes to his early experiences of Asian pantheism, made him the greatest crusader. for decolonization. For decades, he bombar-ded ministers with questions: "Is the right honorable gentleman aware that 60,000 Indians are in prison?" "Will the secretary of state for the colonies tell the House on what ground Mr. Motsamai Mpho was returned to Bechuanaland (now Botswana) in hand-

"Harold Wilson once said I was more responsible than any man in Britain for the liberation of the colonial terriories," Lord Brockway said. "I must say that I am deeply disappointed in the result. On the whole, it has resulted in more repression, although 1 am encouraged hy Kenya, Tanzania and Zambia. The rest must release their political prisoners and recognize human liberties.

'The polincian I must admire in the world is Julius Nyerere of Tanzania. He is lovable and farsighted, and he is building socialism from the roots. To us it might seem pathetic that they are building their own mud dispensaries and warehouses. Julius insists that they must, hecause he helieves that they must have self-reliance, instead of baving aid showered on them from above."

He was equally pithy on a number of other subjects during a two-bour talk not long ago at the House of Lords. Spry and erect, though be complains of slight deafness and "a wobly leg", his full gray bair hrushed straight back from his forebead, he was wearing his everpresent cardigan under his suit coat and pulling on his ever-present pipe. Some of his comments on the Lahor party: "It doesn't have much idealism left. Labor is now a pragmatic party concerned mainly with proving that it can manage eapitalism better than the Tories. Mrs. Thatcher will find it impossible to deal with our problems, and we will see a resurgence of socialistic ideals and dynamism. All our present evils — unemployment, inflation, homelessness, here and all over the West - Won't be ended except through democratie socialism."

On Britain's world rule: "It's ridiculous to regard ourselves as a military power. But we bave contributed as much as any people to the idea of tolerance and democracy, and I hope we may still bave intellectual and moral values to offer. Am I preaching? I bope not. But, for example, it is urgent to build a new world economie order. Why on earth should we be talking about import controls? They would only mean unemployment in other

If all this makes Lord Brockway sound solemn, be is anything but that. He told with relish of his doctor's order that he drink at least three doubles a day because of artery trouble, and of the treatment's efficacy: "Clot's cleared, pain's gone." And he confessed he bad heen a "terrible family man," not because be was too busy with politics but because "I've always been promiscuous."

The other day, Manny Shinwell's doctor ordered him to cancel all his appointments hecause of overwork. The news didn't surprise his friends. Lord Shinwell had turned 95 on Oct. 18, yet be was husy completing still another book on his favorite subject: his career. He was working with the BBC on a seven-part dramatization of his life, the first ever undertaken by the Beeb about a living person, and he had just taken an active part in the debate about party organization at the Labor conference at Brighton - a subject he first discussed at a similar conference 60 years ago. ("The chairman told me to sit down, shut up and leave the subject to my

elders," he recalls. Grandson of a Polish-Jewish immigrant, son of a tailor, Emanuel Shinwell was born in the squalor of Glasgow's notorious Gorbals slum and left school at the age of 11. For 57 years, as a member of the House of Commons for 48 years, Minister of Fuel and Power, Defense Minister and, since 1970, member of the house of Lords, be bas stood near the center of British politics. He is not much



Ben Travers, 90, staged a comeback last year with his first play in 23 years.

impressed with what he has seen, as he wrote in his 1973 hook, "I've Lived Through it

"In my adult lifetime, Great Britain bas declined from the position of the world's leading industrial country, the heart of a great empire, to the role of a nation able to influence events only by her ingenuity and on the grounds of tradition and example,

"But for a handful of exceptions, the democratie process devised and perfected over the centuries has failed since 1900 to produce men who, either individually or as groups in cabinet or Parliament, have bad the virtues of wisdom and judgement successfully to steer the ship of state. Perhaps most tragic of all, the failure has been that events have always been ahead of political direction."

Lord Shinwell will probably he rememhered hest not for his witty, combative oratory, which can still fill the galleries of the House of Lords as fast as most peers' fulminations can empty them, or for his rule in the nationalization of the coal mines, but for a choice and a slap. The choice came in 1922, when he proposed the election of a fellow of the Labor Party; when Labor won in 1924 MacDonald became the first Lahor Prime Minister. The slap came ln 1938 when Comdr. Robert T. Bower shouted during a Commons debate on the Spanish Civil War, "Go back to Poland." Manny Shinwell strode across the floor to the Tory henches and whaeked him on the side of the head with an open palm, so hard that Bower's hearing was

impaired for several weeks.
Unlike Lord Brockway, he is pacific in neither helief nor manner. He soll believes, with typical pugnacity, that Britain should have and could have won the Suez war, and probably would have except for "the perfidy of the United States" and especially John Foster Dullas. His great amhinon as a young man was to become a boxer, but he "started reading instead," That was his nicket out of the Gorhals, out of a life that he described vividly in a recent interview: "You lived in three-story tenements, with one lavatory on each landing for three families. Filthy black smoke poured in when you opened the windows. There was every opportunity to become a criminal, and even the best of us emerged from it as hardened agitators and rebels. Only 18 miles from Loch Lomond, you had a cesspool of disputation, drunkenness and corruption. When I walked through the West End, the good part of town, I saw motor cars, but no one who lived in the Gorbals could ever dream of owning one."

Ben Travers likes to tell a story about a place where he used to live called Burnhamon-Sea. It is a second-rate specimen of a second-rate genre, the British seaside reson, 'always a complete flop," as he says, but Travers loved it. One day, an elderly resident died, leaving for the local vicar a note asking that he be huried at sea. The vicar was deterseemed a hit presumptuous. So he hired a rowboat and pushed out into the Bristol Channel with a hoatman, two helpers from an undertakers and the coffin. Unfortunately, the sea was rough. No sooner had he begun to say his piece — "We brought nothing into this world..."—than he hecame seasick. Seeing his distress, his companions pitched the coffin into the sea. "The damn fools," says Ben Travers, who

looks like Puck's great-grandfather, "had forgotten to punch a hole in the thing. It was floating all over the place. The vicar was too overcome to bother about that, but the boatman was very good. He caught up to the coffin, put his oars down, pieked up his boathook and banged away. Then he rowed back, but I doubt if the vicar made even-

song."

The English have a particular gift for humor based on tragedy; they even make jokes about the Battle of Britain and the blitz. The result is often farce, and Ben Travers is probably the most accomplished farceur of this century. It might be said that there have been two rare Bens in the history of the English theater, Jonson and Travers. His Aldwych farces of the 20s and 30s - Rookery Nook, Plunder. A Cuckoo in the Nest - remain popular today; Plunder had a successful revival in 1976, and Rookery Nook opened in West End on Nov. 20, eight days after its author's 93rd hirthday. In his early days, he worked "without the eensor over my shoulder," and by the time that worthy disappeared. Travers was convinced that life had passed him by. A contemporary of Maugham's he was already in his 80s; his wife had died, and he thought that John Osborne and the other angry young men had rendered him obsolete. He considered himself "a fire flickering out". Typically, he responded by writing his first new play in 23 years. The Bed Before Yesterday, and Joan Plowright and Helen Mirren helped to make it a smash hit.

Travers lives alone in a small basement flat not far from Marble Arch, His grandson lives in the house above his and his eldest daughter lives in the house next door. At the end of lunch, he explained gleefully that "the house next door came into the family because my late wife's father kept his mistress in it." Then he excused himself. "I have to walk down to the theater to look at some girls for my new play. But come to dinner with me and my lady friend some evening."



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Exxon: first industrial company earns \$4 billion in Congress

NEW YORK, Jan. 26 (AP) - A surge in overseas oil-producing, refining and marketting carnings, on top of a sharp increase in world prices, helped make Exxon Corp. the first industrial company to earn more than \$4 billion a vear.

Exven, the world largest oil company, on Friday reported fourth-quarter earnings of more than \$ 1.3 billion, up 60 per cent over last year's figure, and a net income for 1979 of more than \$4.2 billion, a 55 per cent gaio.

Exxon thus became only the second U.S. company in cara \$ 4 billion in ooe year and the first industrial company to do so. American Telephone and Telegraph Co. earned more than \$ 5 hillion in 1978.

In a statement, Exxon said its earnings were justified because of the large investment needed to generate profits.

Among other oil companies reporting higher income for the fourth quarter and for 1979 were Standard Oil Company of Ohio and Sua Oil Inc.

Sohio, the United States' 15th largest, oil company, credited Increased flow of Alaskao ctude at higher prices for its fourth-quarter increase of 174 per cent, to \$451 million, and

ao annual increase of 164 per ceot, to \$ 1.19

Sun, the 10th-largest, reported fourthquarter earnings were up by 117 per ceot at \$ 222.9 million, against \$ 107.6 million a year

About one-third of Exxon's 1979 earnings geins came from a \$ 320 million reduction in British taxes on inventories and a \$ 7 million foreign-exchange profit, compared with an \$ 88 million loss to 1978.

But an "improvement in margins in most markets" in Europe end elsewhere as world oil prices nearly doubled pushed Exxon's foreign refining and marketing profits up by 110 per cent to \$ 1.2 billioo, excluding the effects of the tax change.

Exxon also reported gains from oil production in the North Sea and Malaysia.

Exxon said it carned a return of 20.1 per cent on its' shareholders' equity, up from 12.5 per ceot in 1978 and compared with the 16.7 per cent return the Federal Trade. Commission says the average U.S. manufacturing company earned in the first nine months of 1979.

Worst rate since 1946

13.3% in U.S. Inflation hits

WASHINGTON, Jau. 26 (R) - American consumer prices surged upward in December, bringing the 1979 inflation rate to 13.5 per cent and making it the worst year for inflation since the removal of World War II price control: in 1946, the government said Priday,

The Labor Department said sharply higher food costs helped push prices up by 1,2 per cent in December, up from the one per cent jump in November,

The annual rate was almost 50 per cent up on the nine per cent increase in 1978, It was the highest since the 18.2 jump in 1946. Energy prices were the main spur to ioflation in 1979. The higher cost of imported oil,

plus initial moves to phase out government price controls on domestic supplies, pushed energy prices up 37.4 per cent.

Even without energy, inflation would have been worse in 1979 than in the pravious year. Prices of goods and services other than coergy rose 11.1 per cent.

The 1979 performance means that the U.S. inflation rate was one of the worst among industrial countries. Coosumer prices increased by un average of 9.9 per ceot in the European Common Market In 1979, it was officially reported Friday.

The European statistics office said inflation had accelerated during the year from 8.6 per cent in the first hulf to 11.6 per cent in the

Transet

Foreign Exchange Rates Quoted at 7:00 P.M. Saturday

SAMA

	47/3 174/3	CHOC	Trammer
U.S. Dollar	3.36	3.371	3.3625
Pound Sterling	7.66	7.68	7.64
Deutsche Mark (100)	194.00	196.00	194.50
Swiss F (100)	209,00	214,00	209.50
French F (100)	83.00	83,50	83.00
Balian Lira (10,000)	42,00	41,00	41.95
Lebanese Lim (100)		103,25	103.00
Syrian Lica (100)		82,00	86.60
Egyptian Pound		4,59	4,52
Ruwaite Diner		12.45	12,30
budaan Disar		11,45	11,43
Journal Pidron (100)		90.50	90,10
Caretry (Co. of § 1980)		90.92	91,95
Baltaine Ciunt		9,00	8.96
(anion 25ya) ([20])		25.00	-
Strop Anic r (199)		10.00	
Veniem Royal (100)			74.10
Moraean Dirical (100)		85.00	91.00
Indian Pupes (100)			42.30
Pakistan Emper (200)			34.15
Girld Lg.		71,800.00	
10 Tofas bar		8,400.00	
Silver kg.		***	44.5
Japanese Yea (1,000)	14.40	~	14.15
Canadian Dollar	2,90		~
Belgian Urane (1,000)	120.00	119.00	454 50
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	176.00	****	176.50
Spanish Peso		50.00	51.50
Greek Diachma (1,000)		82.00	
Philippines Feso (1,00)			46.00
Singapore			1.58
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SHIPS ANDVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON THE 26TH. JANUARY, 1980 8TH, RABI AWAL, 1400

1. VES	SSELS DISCHARGING:			
Berth	NVessel	Agent	Cargo	Arrival
3	Atlantia Freezer	O.C.E.	Frozen Chicken	24/1/80
4	Caar Ly	Abdullah	Contra./Steel/Gan.	25/1/80
6	Long Kay	O. Trade	Sorghum	5/1/80
5 6 7	Eugenie S. Embiricos		Barley	25/1/80
7	Marika J. Lemos	Gulf	Barlay	24/1/80
10	Panormes	O.C.E.	Rimbar/Papar/Tiles	20/1 <i>/</i> 80
11	Soudi Crown	O. Trada	Sugar/H. Lifts/Cables	23/1/80
12	Maldive Ensign	O. Trade	General	24/1/80
125	Ric Duice	Alireza	Tractora/Canned	
13	Carge MG 338-1	Gulf	Food Candy	19/1/80
15	Laura	Star	Bldg. Materials	19/1/80
16	Ever Harvest	Algosaibi	Fruits/Cheese	24/1/80
18	Achilleus	Rolaco	Containers	25/1/80
			Buik Cement	18/1/80
20	Lesvos	O.C.E.	Rebat/Poles	24/1/80
21	Polar Honduras	Star	Fruits/Eggs	23/1/80
22	Kehrea	Gulf	Gen./Steel/Timber	20/1/80
30	Bianco	O.C.E.	Frozen Chicken	24/1/80
36	Magnitogorsk	A.E.T.	Contra./Boats/M. Plants	25/1/80
40	Blue Maru	Ba Aboud	Meion Seeds	23/1/80
41	Kannah Lu		Contrs./Gen./Steal	21/1/80
42	Aeolian Star	Alpha	Barley	24/1/80
	. 12 41.41 241	Abdullah	Ro Ro	25/1/80
Ro Ro	Jolly Blu	- 100011011		30, ., 30

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT DAMMAM SHIP MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON 8-3-1400/26-1-1980

		D 1. O 2 1.00.		
3 9 10 16 17 21 24 28 29 31 32 33	Roethen Taining New Beach Revidas Taiks Forsythia (O.B) Fraunfela Silverbay Asia Yukho Al Aridhiah Arya Boum Megna Pasara Flag	UEP Soaasia Gulf Gulf Barbar Allreza Alireza Kanoo Gulf Kanoo AET Orri SMC	Cont/Tiles General/Steel Loading Uras Gan./Sugar Gen./Raafar Cament Bulk Loading Empty Conts. General Ganerel Cont/Gen. Aluminium Cart. Rice/Cement Cement Silo Vessal	25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 25.1.80 24.1.80
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Disagreement snarls oil tax

WASHINGTON, Jao. 26 (AP) — Disagreement over how to speed a balf-trillion dollars is blocking Congressional action on President Jimmy Carter's" windfall" tax on the oil

Unable to settle disputes over social security tax curs, incentives for savers and tax credits for energy conservation, U.S. Senate and House cooferees threw up their hands Friday and postponed consideration of the tax bill until Wednesday at the earliest.

"We're obviously in an impasse," said Representative Al Ullman, Chairman of the House Conferees.

His Senete counterpart, Russell B. Long, said he is not discouraged and said he sees no reason the conferees canoot work out their

differences quickly. The conferees' job is to work out every difference between the tax bill passed by the House last June and the version epproved by

the Senate last December. The only major unresolved issue on the oil tax itself is how quickly the levy should expire. Senate insisteoce that the tax end as soon as the \$ 227.3 billion reveoue goal is

reached hardened Friday.

At the White House, Press Secretary Jody Powell said it was "ironic but not surprising" that as the oil industry reports new profit increases, "an effort is made to eviscerate" the tax by proposing to end it after the revenue goal has been raised.

Powell said, "Perhaps the most mischievous aspect" of the phase-out approach would he to give oil companies e motive "to raise prices as mush as possible in order to get rid of the tax as soon as possible."

But there is more than \$ 227.3 billion at issue to the debate. While the "wiod call" tax would produce that much money in the 1980s, an additional \$ 300 hillion or so would come to the federal government in other taxes because of higher oil industry earnings stemming from removal of federal price controls from erude oil,

NEW YORK, Jeo. 26 (AP) - The

deeponing ehill in relations between the Uni-

ted States and the Soviet Union has led to

some major changes lo Wali Streeters'

A few months ago, the standard view was

that a U.S. recession was looming in 1980. It

was expected to exert downward pressure on

corporate profits, but it was also expected to put at least a small bent to inflation and bring

down interest rates from their recent historic

adjusted for the prospect of increased spec-

ding oo defense and technological research,

which could be e broad stimulus to economic

"Ao arms race lasting for at least the oext

half-decade is locreasingly probable," said

Richard B. Hoey, ao analyst et Bache Hatsey

Stuart Shields Inc., in a report issued earlier

"The coming arms rece should have minimal impact on the outlook for the economy in

Whether such a possibility is good or bad

economie news for investors depends on your

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1980, but e major impact on 1981-1985."

Now some of those forecasts are being

economic forecasts for the early 1980s,

Weekly Wall Street: economists

predict new arms race stimulation



SOLAREAILING: A solar-powered pleasure boat, which went into operation recently, gildes on West Lake, a resort in Hangah China. The official Xinhua New Agency says the canopy consists of monocrystalline silicon cells which can absorb enough energy from the sun to drive the boat for three hours at six kms an hour.

'Foreign-owned farmland has no impact'

U.S. grain inventories reach record levels

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 (AP) - Inveotories of American feed grains and soybeans as of Jan. 7 were at record levels, reflecting the huge 1979 harvests, the U.S. Agriculture

Department said Friday.
The seed grain stockpile was 203 million metric tons, up 7 per cent from a year ago, and the soybean inventory 48.2 million, up

Howard W. Hjort, the department's chief economist and policy analyst, said the figures will be reviewed to belp determine grain usage prospects in the coming months.

The figures also will have a bearing oo whether the government will pay farmers to take some of their land from crops this year,

one of the options being considered to hold down further buildups in U.S. grain reserves. Presideot Jimmy Carter on Jan. 4 canceled the further sales of 17 million metrle tons of U.S. grain to the Soviet Union as part of a retaliation against involvement in Afghanis-

The stock market, evidently responding to

expectations of stepped-up husiness activity,

has risen for three consecutive weeks oo

rose 8.96 to 876.11 in the past week, exten-

ding its gain since Jan, 3 to 55,80 points,

The Dow Jones average of 30 Industrials

The New York Stock Exchange Composite

At the American Stock Exchange, the

market value index cootinued to reach new

highs with a 2.29 advance to 266.75.

Big board volume overaged 51.11 million sbares a day, running just slightly off the previous week's record daily pece of 45.85 mil-

The bond market, by contrast, declined

this past week to the point where yields,

signal of declining hopes for any important

progress toward slowing monthly inflation

and lower interest rates. Analysis pointed out

that that lack of optimism about progress

against inflating seemed to be shared by

financial planners at ooe of the country's

largest corporations, International Busicess

IBM, never known as a free-wheeling bor-

rower, went to the bond market for \$1 billion

last October, and borrowed another \$300

If the company expected any substantial

decline to interest rates sooo, it stands to

million from Saudi Arabia more recently.

record trading volume.

Machines.

Index climbed 1.33 to 65,27.

Although the Carter administration has pledged to buy or otherwise remove the embargoed grain from the marketplace as one of the measures undertaken to belp protect farmers, officials are still concerned about the existing huge U.S. grain supply and a possibility that 1980 crops also might be

large.

Meanwhile, Argentina intends to maiotain its normal grain trade with the Soviet Union but will try not to take advantage of a partial embargo on U.S. grain shipments to the

Soviets, the state department said Friday.

A report on talks held in Buegos Aires by L. Geo. Andrew Goodpaster claimed "significant progress," hut did not make clear whether Argentina would curh its grain sales.

But Argentina, a major grain producer, is coosidered capable of selling the Soviets 10 million tons of grain beyond their current commitments.

Before Carter seot Goodpaster, a former NATO commander, to Argeotina, leaders of that military government had promised not to undercut Carter's action.

But, at the same time, Argeotice officials said they did not intend to loterfere with the free market.

The department's report said Goodpaster and President Jorge Rafael Videla had discussed "the seriousness of the situation" in Afghaniatan "as well as its implications for the maintenance of international peace and

The report added that an abrupt alteration in Argentica's trade could hurt it and cost it trading partners, presumably including the Soviat Union, .

If Goodpaster arranged a compromise with Videla it was oot made evident. Goodpaster will visit Brazil on Monday to try to win that natioo's cooperation, it was

announced earlier. The U.S. Agriculture Department also reported Friday that as of Oct. 31 less than one-half of 1 per cent of American formland was owned by foreigners or American cor-porations with 5 per cent foreign ownership.

dated reports on foreign ownership of farmland, the department said such ownership was so small it probably would cause few problems overall but may affect local areas where ownership is high.

"The quantity of foreign-owned agricul-tural land is so smell that it is unlikely that an aggregate impact on agriculture, either positive or negative, could be detected," the department said.

But the report, while saying the effects of foreign ownership cannot be determined with certainty yet, added that "in steas of beaviest concentration it is possible that some communities could be locally affected,"

the first under a 1978 U.S. law requiring foreigners or corporations with 5 per cent foreign ownership to ootify the government of farmland holdings. The law was passed amid concern by

lawmakers and farm leaders that farmland purchases by foreigners could drive American family farmers off the land and compromise the United States' control ovar its food pro-

Specifically, the department said, 6,500 reports filed by foreign owners or U.S. corporations with 5 per cent foreign ownership showed they controlled of 5.2 million of the United States' 1.23 billion acres of farmland.

The report said foreigners owned about 2.9 million of those acres while the corporations controlled about 2.3 million. The department said it fouod foreign-owned furmland in all

states but Rhode Island. Ahout 43 per coot of the land in question is forest land, the report said, and only 9 percent of the foreign owners changed the use of the land after they bought it.

The south had more than 1.3 million acres of foreign-owned farmland, about 39 per ceot of the total, with the bulk concentrated in Tennessee, Georgia and South Carolina, the report said. Those three states alone accounted for a quarter of all the foreignowned farmland reported.

Significant foreign holdings also were reported in Neveda, New Mexico and Oregon but they primarily resulted from foreign ownership of single parcels in excess of 100,000 acres each.

The foreign oweers represented more than 50 countries, the report sald, with investors controlling more than half the American holdings coming from the United Kingdom, Luxembourg and West Germany.

Arab bank bans Israel, S. Africa KHARTOUM, Jan. 26 (R) - The Arab

Bank for Economic Development lo Africa will oot assist any African country which deals with Israel or South Africa, bank President Chedli Ayeri said. Ayari told a press conference here Friday

that the ban would apply to any country which established dipiomatic relations with Israel or South Africa or which dealt with firms in the two states. The Khartoum-based hank has already

boycotted Egypt for signing a peace treaty with Israel, but Ayari said countries maintaining relations with Egypt would not be affected.

All Arab countries except Sudan, Oman and Somalia have severed political, economie and other relations with Egypt.

reason that it would have held off oo any debt the following fields, we have work for you financing. Or as First Albany put it, "It's pretty clear The report to Carter and the Congress is Painting, Mesonry work, Plumbing what their assumptions must be about infla-tion rates and loterest rates...it means they Scaffolding, Ceramic tiles, Merbis Saudi Arabian Electric wiring, Internal decoration think that we're in for a long period of what we're beginning to get used to: high inflation Only recognised experts and specialists please apply to: P.O. Sox 9873, Jeddah. and bigh interest rates." Most analysts still regard a recession this year as a likelihood, rising defense spending or not. But many coocede that it may be neither long nor deep enough to have much lasting impact in the struggle against infla-

Audi			Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Minis	try I	Agency for its Affairs	Construction of a mosque in a government complex in	•	500	Jao. 23 ·
			Ohod Refedah, Ahha erea	•	300	Jan. 22
" .	••	19	Demolition and reconstruction of Al-Qubbah mosque io Bliasmar			
"	"	44°	Demolition and reconstruction of Aal Saad mosque in Kaihaf Tathlith, Abba area		400	Jan. 23
**	44	**	Demolition and reconstruction of Saadiah mosque in Bisha area		500	Jan. 7
. " ·		. "	Demolition and reconstruction of Ben Hamedan Al-Birk mosque in Quniuzah		400	Jan. 28
91	44	44			400	[
			Demolition and recon-struction of e mosque in Husniah village in Wadi Safras, Medina		400	Feb. 6

Government Tenders



term impact." U.K. steel strike hits private firms LONDON, Jan. 26 (AP) - Britain's inde-

"Major changes in federal government spending policies are subject to massive bureaucratic lags," said Hoey. "like a juggernaut, they are slow to start but nearly impossible to halt ooce they have begun to move. "Investors should not overestimate the shot-term impact of the emerging arms race. But they should not understimate its long-

pendeot steel companies failed Friday to win high court injunctions against steel unions extending e month-old national strike into the private sector from Sunday. The companies, who prodoce about 15 per

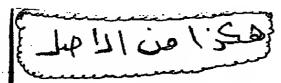
cent of Britain's domestic output, said they will appeal the ruling. But Bill Sirs, head of the Iron and Steel Trades Confederation and the strike's leader, declared "Nothing can stop the 15,000 private sector steel workers ectering the strike Sunday.

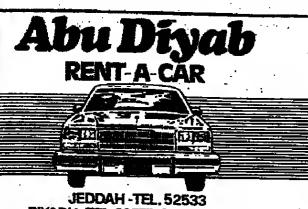
Even without their support Sirs edded, the increasingly punishing strike will go on — a development that could have catastrophic coosequences for British industry. Britain's Premier Law Lord, Lord Denning

will preside over a special appeal court Saturday morning to bear the employers' case. But the indications are that whatever he decides, the steelmen are determined to paralyze the steel industry. So far the strike bas been aimed primarily

at the state-run steel industry, wheih accounts

for 85 per cent of the nation's production. But strike leaders believe that extending the shutdown into the private sector is the way to bring British industry to a standstill.





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International Finance



Al Khober : Tot. 86 45851 - 23 0 - 246 international Bourse. Commodities. Money and Exchange Rates RO. Box 345 Dhokken Aktron: Tokks 16/412 16 (1985) Ess RIYADH -TEL.62575-62316-68092 **Payes**: Tet. 47 89820 **International Share Information EXCHANGE** RATES U.S. \$ 5660 1090 1630 3255 2390 810 1515 LYSTERDAM امستردام 5730 1102 1655 3205 2330 828 1500 Closing Jan. 22 Jan. 22 Jan. 23 FRANKFURT . 38.10 447.00 151.50 120.80 120.80 120.80 290.80 172.50 44.90 127.50 248.50 251.00 183.00 163.00 182.30 380.00 122.30 380.00 122.30 380.00 122.30 380.00 122.30 380.00 122.30 144.00 185.50 70.00 185.50 70.00 185.50 112.00 185.50 374.00c 153.00 126.50 228.00 228.00 228.00 228.00 224.00 128.50 224.00 128.50 224.00 128.50 252.00 145.10 128.50 128.50 128.50 129.50 1 168.50 106.20 146.50 107.50 145.20 114.80 79.80 62.00 96.90 01.00 50.00 215.00 27.50 27.50 226.00 140.00 21.80 17.10 33.50 33.50 33.50 52.50 64.50 29.00 228.53 14.70 228.53 17.30 50.60 5 SYDNEY BRI SSELS Arcec Code in Lambert Cockenii EBES CB Inno BM Sevanti Nucoken BOND INFORMATION انداء السندات SCHEDULED EFROBONDS **EURODOLLAR BONDS** 5 11: y6 Electric Co., 25 million collars, the 31 March 1995, 3,25% semi-enoughly, 1srting 1 April 1996, 1996, and Compressor Manufacturers's Tokyo-lested shares, per, Del Zapata Corp. Tesco Tilling Trafajgar House Thom Elect Trust House Forte Tube Investments Unitever Ultramar United Biscuits Vickers Wheelock Marden Nipport Credit Bank (Curacao) Finance NV., guaranteed by Nipport Credit Bank, 30 million dution, due 1987, quarterly interest at 6.25 points above three-month interbank curodotar offered rates, par minimum interest 5.25%. S.G. Warburg and Co. and Development Bank of Singapore, 25 Jan. 29% 80% 25% 21% 13% 25% 42 7% 15°s 28% 19 36°s Georgia Pacific Getty Oil Gillette Goodrich B. F. 62% 362 156 272 452 426 87 122 39% 300 155 276 466 423 88 124 40 **DOW JONES** Goodrich B. F. Goodrich B. F. Goodrich B. F. Gould Inc. Grace W. R. Co. Gt. Atl. Pac. Tea Greyhound Grumman Corp. Gulf & Western Gulf Oil **EUROMARK BONDS CLOSING STOCK AVERAGES** Pioneer Concrete Queensland Mines ... Spice Corp guaranteed by Taryo Kobe Bank, 26 million marks, due 1987, 8.25%, Commercians January 23 Gueensland Mines Renison Repco Robe Santos Seltrust H.C. Sloigh Southern Southland Stocks & Holdings Swan Brewary Thelss TNT Tooheys 6.80 16.75 1.25 8.00 3.85 1.18 16.90 0.39 1.75 7.80 2.18 2.84 4.50 0.68 8.20 3.60 4.45 1.45 30 Industrials . 889,37 Up 3.16 or 6.36% 20 Transport . 269,28 UP 0.44 or 0.16% 15 Utilities . 107.44 DN 0.07 or 6.07% 65 Stocks . . . 310.32 UP 0.72 or 6.23% Cuttand Telephone Co., 50 million marks, due 1990. 8 25%, Dresdner Bank, 25 Jan. Destart mechische Kontrollbank, guarantood by Austria, 150 million marks, due 1 February 19 8 0°s, raised from 7 875°s, no Sinking Fund, first call at 161.5 in 1984, Deutsche Bank, 24 Jan. OTHER CURRENCIES MILAN Citicorp Overseas Finance Corp. Ltd., guaranteed by Chilcorp, 50 million pounds, due 1 Feb. 1593 11 37s at par, Sinking Fund starts 1981 to produce 7 year average life, first call at 101.5 in 1585 Credit Susse-First Boston, 29 Jan 384 224 509 344 184 55 884 174 244 244 264 564 313 69 Closing Jan. 21 PARIS Aeces ANIC Bastogl Barda Burgo Cantoni Centrale Ciga Cornp Ass Milano Cred ital Ertole Marelli Eridanie Fiat Fiat Fiet Priv Finzidor Generali Assie. Gen. Immobilere IBP IFI Italcementi 3280 9.75 795.00 1330 8005 7700 7800 2435 10450 1740 2495 369.00 Closing Jan. 23 The volume of acheduled Europoid offerings totals about the equivalent of 296 million dollars compared with 55 million dollars a week earlier. Closing Jan. 22 Price Frs. 490.50 493.00 60.50 60.50 TOT Tooheys Tooth Litah Mning Wattons Wests Wests Westfield WMC Woodside Pet. Woodworths FOREIGN ISSUES Air Liquide Sweden 130 million Swiss francs, due 1990, Union Bank of Switzerland, 24 Jan. US Treastin, 2 billion marks divided into 2 5-year notes yielding 0.5% and 3.5-year notes yielding 0.5%. Seutsche Bundesbank, 24 Jan. Air Liquido Alsthom Aux. Ent. Beghin-Say Bouyques BSN-Gervais Carrefour Casino CEM 60.50 474.90 135.50 657.00 951.00 1600 1410 53.50 60.50 474.00 136.16 646.00 932.00 1570 1412 53.50 LC. Industries ... Inco Ltd. Ingersoil Rand..... Inland Steel..... LONDON CLOSING GOVERNMENT BONDS (Quoted in pounds) January 22 9824 January 21 Excheque: 13": 1980 Treasury 12% 1983 Treasury 11 % 1961 طوكيو 8934 10915 11514 8815 1083 s 1143 s Tressury 14: 7 s 1954 Closing Jan. 23 1 Yen 165 215 590 627 380 320 537 470 260 314 497 287 280 530 314 497 280 132 390 362 686 204 186 370 512 408 1,800 129 725 1,810 625 815 970 1,700 1,7 Closing Jan. 21 Per 154 Per 15 100³s 22⁷s Treasury 131-9, 2000-03 War Loan السندات الحكومية الاميركية T.S. GOVT, NOTES & BONDS Fractions and changes in 32nds Jamesany 22 UP 2 UP 2 UNCH 10% September 1981 12% October 1981 12% November 1991 101.18 100,26 99,21 102,8 100.18 SIP UP 1 UP 5 112/29 December 1981 112/25 May 1983 99 17 NEW YORK 10 as December 1983

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ļ	Fiat	1962	1985	IntL Flavours	20% 34	20% 34%	Chiers Chim. Routiers	16,40 148,00	146.80	
ı	Flet Priv	1610	1640	Intl. Harvester Intl. Min. & Chen	54%	54%	Cit-Alcatel	1138	1138	
ı	Finaider	93.00	92.00	Intl. Paper	41%	40%	Club Med	345.00	339.00	
ĺ	Generali Assic	49250	48080	knti. Tel. & Tel.	26%	26%	Cie Bancaire	336.50	334.60	TOKYO
1	Gen. Immobilaire	72,75	69.00	trying Bank Corp	3412	34%	CGE	335.00	335.00	
ı	IBP	4200	4291	_			CCF	163.50	163.00	
l	FI	2575	2460	Jeff. Pilol	29%	291 2 2879	CIC	129.00	125,10	
ľ	italcementi	21200	20400	Jewel Cos	29 24	237	Generale Eaux	445.00	436.00	
ŀ	Italgas	850.00	901.80	Johnson & Johns	774	7634	Ell-Aquitaine	1340	1312	Asahi ElecChem
ŀ	Italsider	246.00	240.80	Jonathan Logan	934	912	Esso	386.00	369.00	Bank of Tokyo
ł	Lepetit	31200	30680	Joy Manufacturing	37%	354	Ferodo	317.00	317.00	Banyu Pharm
l	Mediobanca	47900	48100 3711	K. Mart Corp	2214	22%	Fin. Paribas	216.50	216.00	Canon Camera
ŀ	Metalital	3705	186.56	Kaiser Aluminium	223	22%	Fr. Petroles	256.00	251.50	Dalichi Kangyo Bank .
ı	Montedison	164.00 1740	1590	Kaufman & Sroad	974	16%	Galeries Lafayette	141.00	144.00	Dalwa House
Į	Olivetti	1016	1905	Kellogg Co	18%	16¹1	Hachette	220.00	230.00	Fuji Photo Film
ı	Pitelli S.P.A.	760 60	675.00	Kennecott	42	39	Imetal	81,50	79,80	Fujitsu
ı	RAS	114,000		Kerr McGee	7512	71%	J. Borel	127.00	126.16 74.50	Hitachi
ı	Rinascente	127.00	_	Kimberley Clark	43% 47	43's	Kleber Colombes	73.70 245.50	246.50	Regal
ŀ	Satta	6400	6350	Kraft inc.	18'4	18'5	Lafarge	1453	1455	C. figh
Į	SIP		1130.00	Kroger Co			Legrand	195.00	194.00	Kajima Kansal El Power
ı	Snia	660.00	655.00	LTV Corp.	12%	11% 26%	L'Oreal	643.00	650.00	Kawasaki Steel
ı				Lear Sieglor LOF Company	26% 26%	25%	Machines Bull	67.50	67.00	Komatsu
İ	NEW YORK		انيويورك	Ligget Group	37%	36%	Met. Normandie	45.50	46.00	Kubota
Į				Litton Industries	50%	50'h	Michelin	833	630	Matsushita Elec
ŀ		Jan.	Jan.	Lockheed Aircreft	41%	41'4	Moet-Hennessey	505.00	514.00	Mitsubishi Chemical .
Į	Stock	21	22	Lone Star Indus	29'2	291-	Moulinex	88.00	B5.90	Mitsubishi Electric
	AMF Inc	14%	14%	Louisiana Land	493₁ 143₃	49% 14%	Munnm	455.00	458.00	Mitsubishi Hvy Ind
ı	AM International	1012	18	Lucky Stores			Nobel-Bozel	55.40	53.40	Mitsul Co
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1	ASA	49 1	46'4	Mfrs. Hanover		43	Olida,	182.00		Nippon Electric
ĺ	Aetna Life & Cass	3542	35%	Mapes	423 <u>.</u> 5574	43 56'%	PUK	100.00	99.00	Nippon Otl
l	Alcan Aluminium	55%	54%	Marathon Oil	19	18%	Pernod Ricard	267.00 269.00	270.50 285.00	Nippon Steel
ı	Allegheny Power	15%	15%	Marshail Fleid	21%	194	Pertier		260.20	Nissan Motor
ı	Allied Chemical	53¹ a	53	Martin Mer.	49%	49	Peugeot Citroen	251.00	228.20	Pioneer
l	Allied Stores	234	234	Masco Corp	27	264	Poclain	228.40 240.16	240.00	Alech
l	Allis Chalmers	34	33	Matsushita	2924	29	Pricel		100.00	Sharp
l	Alcoa	6315	62**	Mattel Inc	8	724	Printemps	102.50 558.00	\$51.00	Shiseido
ı	Amax Inc	4914	48%	McDonalds	43	42'5	Radar	299,00	299.50	Sony
l	Amerada Hess	50's	51	McDonnell Doug	43%	43	Radiotech	180,20	186.50	Sumitomo Chem
ļ	Amer. Airlines	10%	10% 68?s	McGraw Hiti	29% 27%	29% 27%	Rati. (Cie. Fsa) Redoute a Roubeix	425.00	425.00	Takeda
ı	Amer. Brands	69		Mead Corp	173:	1734	Rhone Poulenc	126,10	125.40	Telfin
ì	Amer. & roadcast	36	36 35%	Memores	7014	70	Roussel-UCLAF	252.00	250.00	Toray Indus
l	Amer Can	35*1		Merck Co	2012	301·2		30.00	28.50	Toshiba Elec
l	Amer. Cyanamid	3115	31 ⁷ 4 18 ³ 4	Module S Ut.	12%	12%	Sactior	827.00	829.00	Toto
ı	Amer. Elec. Pow	18%		Winn Wing & Mag	47	48	Sagem	124.90	122.20	
l	Amer. Home Prod	27	267 •	Mobil Corp	5574	55's	Saint Gobaln St. Louis-Bouchon	132.80	133.00	Toyo Kogyo
ı	Amer. Hosp. Sup	3314	33	Monsanto	6134	56		385.00	365.00	Toyota
İ	Amer. Motors	81.	8% 40%	Moore Mc Cr	45%	45%	SAT	154.00	155.00	
ĺ	Arner, Nat. Res	46	48%	Morgen J. P	45%	4579	Schneider	970	980	
l	Amer. Standard	51	52 501	Motorola	56%	5612	Skis Rossignol Sogerap	180.00	180.00	
ı	Amer. Tcl. & Tcl	524	5216	NCR Corp	761≥	75		333.00	344.00	
i	Amper	20-	1917	NL Industries	36%	37!⊾	Sommer	274.00	270.00	21101CH
ı	Armeo inc	28'4	27'4	Nabisco In	234	2539	Suez	222.00	222.90	ZURICH
l	Asarco Inc	512	454	Naico Chemical	3274	32	Thomson-Brandt	145.00	145.00	
ŀ	Ashland Oil	40	3934	Nadonal Can	23%	221.	UTA		15.10	
Ì	Att. Richfield	88	87%	Nat. Distillers	31%	31	Usinor	15.20 103.00	104.50	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
l	Avco Corp	27.4	272-	National Steel	3014	30 ·	Vallourec	103.00	104,30	'
ı	Avon Products	377	37%	Natomas	31%	31%	Foreign Issues			Alusuiese
ĺ	Bank of NY	3617	354	Newmont	49%	46'5 29%	BASF	313.00	317.00	BOV (Br)
ŀ	Bank America	2514	25%	Norfolk & Western	29'4 28'1	29'7 28'5	Exxgn	229.60	228.70	Buehrle
ı	Bankers Trust NY	454	45	Nthwest Airlines	2414	2414	Goldfields	41.10	40.40	Ciba Geigy (Br)
	Baxter Travenci	45	45%	Nithwest Bancorp Norton Simon	15%	15%	Inco	111,50	105.00	Ciba Geigy (Non-v't'g)
ĺ	Beatrice Foods	21	21				Nestie	8800	8920	Columbus
ĺ	Beckman Instr	30'4	30	Occidental Petrol	27'1	25% 36%	Norsk-Hydro	606.00	590.00 .	Credit Suisse
l	Secton Dickenson	34	3314	Ogden Corp	36' a	1771	Petrofina	798.00	783.00	Electrowatt
	Befl & Howelf	254	241/2	Olin Corp	1814 22	2134	Philips	41.20	41.70	Fischer (George)
ı	Bendix	524	52	Owens (illinois			Pres. Brand	157.60	154.00	Jelmoli (Fr.100)
	Benquet Cons B'	12%	10%	PPG Ind	31%	31-4	Royal Dutch	308.00	307.50	Landis Gyr (Reg)
1	Sothlehem Steel	24	23%	Pacific Gas & El	22 20%	22 20%	RTŽ	35.75	34.50	Nestle (Br)
ı	Stack & Decker	22	224	Pacific Lighting Pan Am World Air	20~1 5≥3	530	Şicmens	602.00	604.00	Sandoz (Br)
-	Poeing Co	64'4	6214	Penncy J. C	2414	24'4	Sony	29.10	29,20	Sulzer (Reg)
	Baice Cascade	3810	37 .	Penncy J. C	44%	43°±	Unilever	242.00	242,00	Swissair (Br)
,	Borden	24%	24%	Peosi Co	2314	26				Swiss Benk Corp
l	Borg Warner	35%	3474	Pfize:	3824	37%				Swiss Re-in (Br)
ĺ	Bristol Myers	3534	35	Dheins Dados	40	3714				Union Bank
	Brit Pet ADR	3172	31≒	Philip Morris	314	32%	SINGAPORE	و ق	سنغاف	Winthur Ace (Br)
1	Brunswick	14%	14%	Phillias Petroleum	521-3	52% 35%				Zurich ins (Br)
	Sucyrus Eric	214	21%	Pilsbury Pitney Bowes	37 33%	35,3				BASLE
	Burlington ind	184	18%	Pitney Bowes	28%	27%.		Closing	Closing	Pirelli ,
l	Burlington Nithm	65%	6434	Plan Resourch	5 ² 4	64		Jan. 22	Jan. 23	Roche Baby
	Burroughs	60"	79%	Polaroid	2472	25'1	_	Price Sin	gapore 6	Roche Div.Cart
ŀ	CBS	54%	54%	Procter Gembié	72%	72	Agma	2.52	2.50	
	CIT Financial	50%	60'-	Pub. Serve Elect	185	184	Boustand	3.64	3.64	
	Continue dans		53-1	Profession 1	-41		Boyes	C 53	3.47	•

London Interbank Spot Dollar Middle Pates	Exchange Rates for the IMP's SDF
as quoted by Bank of America IFC	VS 300°04 1.51975 1.31748
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Netherlands 1.0715 1.9197 Belgien C 28.146 29 920	Total for 1052 75 1063,54 apparent for
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Austria	Sylectof Kroner 5.45612
Australia 1,1125 1 1097 Spain	Beigginern Suer 22,9503 32,9370 Inchesyon Repair 827,152 826,731
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January 23	[77 1 7 77 71] < .S.1
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Canada 2.6400-2.6420 Switzerland 3.6450-3.8500	Eachange Fates for the ECU Official Brussels Fixing
W. Germany 3.9340-3.9390	Cincial pressers : Irrig
Prance 0.2110-9.2210 Netherlands 4.3430-4.3460	January 20
Belgian C 63.90-64.00 Belgian F 05.47-65.57	FS-Condition FB-4640 Extraorded Martin EASTE
Sweden 8,4420-9,4520 Dempark 12,2800-12,2900	Durch Guilder
Norway 11.1830-11.1930	Panish Krone 7.77590 Franch Smine 5.83588
Spain 150.00-150.20	tion and 1981.07 Mark Turk 5 5 674075
Portugal	US Dollar 1,47949
Japan 540.00-641.00 treland 1.0640-1,0650	Saiss Franc 2.31038 Spanich Fasetz 95.0537
	Swedish Krana 5.98325 Norweştar Vrana 7.03537
	Charolina Zober 1,67109 Portuguero Enterda 72,0178
Frankfurt Foreign Exchange Fixings	Austrian Schülung 17 6784 Franch Merklia 5,32794
	Japaneso Yen 329.143
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Britain 3.9360 3.9500	الذمب وراوي
reland 3.6980 2.7050 Canada 1,4913 1.5222	
Switzerland 90.600 90.650 Switzerland 107,830 108,060	Clasing Gold Prices
Belglum 6.157 6,156 France 42.680 ¢2.656	('n US Collars per tray ounce)
Denmark 32,030 32,005	Jun. 21 Jan. 23
Norway 35.150 35.206 Sweden 41.650 41.665	Loncom 636.50 692.50
kaly 2.145 2.146 Austria 13.924 13.927	Frankfurt 843 00 \$50.90
Spain 2.622 2.621 Portugal 3.470 3.475	Zunch
Japan 0.7316 0.7210 Finland 46.77 46.89	
COMMODITIES	السائن السلم واستنان
COMMODITIES	
A manda and Common at the common state of	100
London Commodity	COCOA JESS
and Metal Exchange	Jen. 22 Jan. 23 Clesing Clesing
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	May
Pounds Sterling per metric ion (except Silver)	Particular 1265 1361 1800 1875
	September 1465—1461 1480—1475 December 1465—1464 1509—1506
Comment of the last	December 1479—1415 1309—1500 March 1520—1510 1540—1530 Hery 1563—1505 1565—1565
ALUMINIUM مننوم	December 1455 145 1509 1506 March 1520 1510 1500 1530 Fázy 1550 1525 1755 1755 Total vsbrma: 2.174 lets of ten torines.
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ASEA (Sweden) 95-95'2 Sanque Nationale de Paris C C C.E. (France) 15.05.69 15.05.94 15.08.89 9212—93 9226—9272 C.I.H. (Morocco) 95:--96 93':--94 15.10.87 Credit Lyonnes riconesis (Rep. of) 15.07 86 T.Y O. Power Co. Kuwait: Dinar Negotiable Bank Certificates of Deposit 3 months 10 bid ● 6 months 101/4 bid ● 12 months 101/4 bid عار فوائد العملات الاوروبية DESCRIPTION OF STREET RATES

Coupon

94.4

83.2

57.16

Kuwai! --- (AP-DJ) -- The Kuwaiti dinar bond market witnessed this week some selective selling pressure and most prices closed "a-"a lower, the Arab Company for

Despite the saving of money market rates, most investors are still reluctant to commit themselves in the bond market. Consequently, the drop in the Kuwaiti dinar

Recent Kuwait Dinar Bond Issues

Maturity

rates menely relaxed the funding problems of bond holders.

'Ura May 1985

8s August 1965

10's a November 1994

9 48 May 2064-2009 0 ns November 2004-09

Trading Securities reports.

10' on February 1995 81ca November 2003-2008

KUWAITI DINAR BOND MARKET

Bonds

--10%---!1% 10%---11% 10%---11 10%---11% 1346--- 1344 1346--- 1344 1446--- 1446 1444--- 1346 1214—1214 1214—13 1314—1314 1312—1314 18:9=-10's 173=-18:0 16:5=-16's 15%---15%

Brunswick
Sucyrus Erie
Burlington Ind....
Burlington Nitim.

UP 12

UPB

UP 1p1 UP 14 UP 26

السندات الكويتية

Price

94.20

97.24 83.18

124.5 146.3 250.8 182.3 119.2 119.2 113.9 50.8 95.1 61.6 58.9 116.3 95.0 276.6 121.1 U.S. (1)
U.K.
Japan
Canede (2)
Germany
France
Australia
Spoin
Switzerland
Netherlande
Italy
Belglum
Sweden
Norway
Dorway
Austria UP 3.9 UP 0.7 UP 5.9 DN 3.1 UP 4.9 \$15.9 \$1.2 \$5.1 81.1 59.8 109.8 93.6 279.2 121.0 132.7 ON 2.1 UP 1.9 DN 2.9 UP 8.9 UP 6.1 DN 1.5 UP 4.2 DN 2.3 DN 1.6

125.2

(1) NYSE (2) TSE onverted to 1 Jan 1970 Ease je 1 Jan 1970 equels 173

ننيخ

Closing Jan. 22 riss Frs. 1265

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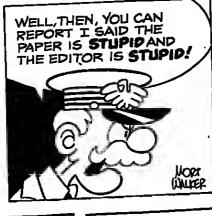












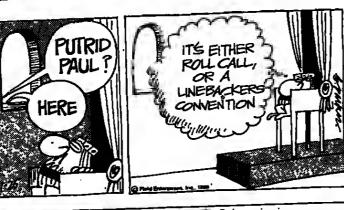


PROUNE









SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter band

On MW at 1485 Kilohertz in 202 meter band

DENNIS THE MENACE





YOU MUSTN'T TALK ABOUT OUR PRIVATE LIFE TO THE NEIGHBORS. WE HAD ONE!





"OLLIE" A GUERNSEY COW, ON FEBRUARY 18, 1930 BECAME THE FIRST ANIMAL FLOWN OVER THE U.S.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword by THOMAS JOSEPH Villa -

5 High place bell town name: abbc 11 Shrouded Turkish title in mystery 12 Animal 3 Wait track

13 Neckw 14 Child of Loki 5 Playing 15 Method 16 Month of 8 Wood sorrel May: Fr. 7 Give a good energy 19 Betty or Ernie

11 Swiftly 26 African river 21 American playwright 22 Correct 24 Belief put into words 25 Almost all 26 Mama or Peggy 27 Pallid

28 Patriotic 31 Get it? 12 Table scrap 23 Yale man 34 Vehicle on runners 30 "- Inez". 37 Queen of fiction 38 Utab city

18 Fragrani

22 Gathered

23 French river

24 "Why — You

rank: abbr

Extinct

bird

AXYDLBAAXE LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hiots. Each day the code letters are different. CRYPTOQUOTES

KMSX HG PDX ZHGFMJ MV PDX

VMMK CYF PDX VMKKI MV PDX

ZHGX. - GCJLXK Saturday's Cryptoquote: NEXT TO ENTERTAINING OR IMPRESSIVE TALK, A THOROUGHGOING SILENCE MANAGES TO INTRIGUE MOST PEOPLE.—FLORENCE HURST HARRIMAN

Contract 🗧

H's Sheer Logic

South dealer. NORTH ◆10 8 7 6 4 ♥53 OK762 WEST

Q952 ♥ J 1064 SOUTH

West

10 34 3NT 3 💠

Good bridge is mostly a matter of good logic. Bridge is not the kind of game where you can afford to be intellectually lazy — if you want to be a good player. On the contrary, you should be willing to concentrate at all times on exactly what's going on, and never let your thinking stop for a moment.

For example, suppose you're West and decide to lead heart against three notrump. Declarer wins your partner's ten of hearts with

the king, plays a low dismond to dummy's king and a low dismond back to his eight. You win with the ten as your question is what to play

It is clear that you should lead the ace of spades at this point, followed by the jack and another spade. If you do, the contract goes down one; if you don't, South makes at least three accounts. three notrump.

How can you be expected to find this deadly accurate defense without seeing all four hands? The answer is simple enough. All you have to do is put all the available cluss together and go on from there. You learned at trick one that declarer had the A-K-9 of hearts. How could you tell nearts. How count you tell this? Because East would have played the ace if he had had it, and similarly would have played the nine (not the ten) if he had had either the 10-9 or J-10-9.

You learned during the play that South had exactly five diamoods, and you also learned from the bidding that South almost certainly had four clubs. It therefore followed that South started that regardless of the size of that spade your side could quickly cash four spade tricks and so defeat the contract. It's

Get your international financial news

Aghary Al-Aware

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Available with your newsboy and at your nearest news stand daily.

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

TIMES **PRAYER** Isha Maghreb Dhuhr Ishraq Fajr Sunday 7:40 3:51 3:49 6:10 12:40 Mecca 7:37 6:07 5:49 12:42 7:09 Medina 3:15 7:03 6:37 12:08 5:14 Nejd

DHAHRAN TV

PHARMACIES

(Open Sunday Night)

Sharafiah

Bab Mecca

Ajiyad Al-Ghazzab

King'sSt.

Al-Khazzan St.

Beside Al-Suwaidi Clinic

Tareq ihn Ziad Road

Okaz St., Sharquiah

Prince Bandar St.

Municipality St.

King Abdul Aziz St.

4:30 Children's Show

Diff rent Strokes The Muppet Show 6:13 Some Mothers Do Ave Em

Fantastic Journey Anna Karenina 7:59 8:50 Lazarus Syndrome

JEDDAH

MECCA

RIYADH

TAIF

Ashraf Drug Store Al-Batterji Drug Store

Al-Sehhi Drug Store

Al-Ghazzah Drug Store

Al-Suwaidi National Ph.

Tamer Pharmacy

Essam Pharmacy

Bati Pharmacy

DAMMAM

HOFCE

AL-KHOBAR

Zuhair Drug Store

Al-Jamal Drug Store

Al-Sehha Pharmacy

Al-Ataa pharmacy

Al-Awadh Drug Store

Jana Of The Jungle: Rogue Elephant 119 Jean Stapleton

Tel. 31952

23515

22313

42118

22983

45248

21436

Episode 4 Pilot Episode 8 2:20 On Islam 2:30 Off the Record 3:00 NEWS 3:10 Music 3:20 Leaps and Bounds

SUNDAY

3:40 -3:50 Closedown Evening Transmission

Afternoon Transmission 2:00 Opening 2:01 Holy Quran 2:05 Gems of Guidance 2:10 Saudi Tableau

3:30 A Selection of Music

9:00 Opening

9:01 Holy Quran 9:05 Gems of Guidance 9:10 Light Music 9:15 The World Atlas 9:45 Companions of the Prophet

10:00 Arabic by Radio 10:15 NEWS 10:25 S.A. - A Daily Chronicle

10:30 The Evening Show 11:00 Dates of Remember 11:10

11:15 Late Evening Hits 11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams 12:00 Closedown

VOA

P.M.

8:00 News Roundup Reports : Actualities : Opinion : Analyses News Summary

8:30 Dateline 9:00 Special English: News; Feature. The Making of a Nation News Summary 9:30 Music USA: (Standards)

Reports: Actualties

10.00 News Roundup

10:05 Opening: Analyses

News Summary 10:30 VOC Magazine America ; Letter Cultural ; Letter 11:00 Special English: News 11:30 Music U.S.: (Jazz)

VOA WORLD REPORT Midalght

12:00 News newsmakers voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses

BBC

Morning Transmission

8.00 World News

8.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary 8.30 Sarah Ward

8.45 World Today 9.00 Newsdesk 9.30 Opera Star 10.00 World News

10.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary 10.30 Sarah Ward 10.45 Something to Show

You 11.00 World News 11.09 Reflestions 11.15 Piano Style

11.30 Brain of Britain 1978 12.00 World News 12.09 British Press Review 12.15 World Today 12.30 Financial News

12.45 The Tony Myatt **Evening Transmission** 1.15 Ulster in Focus 1.30 Discovery

12.40 Look Ahead

2.00 World News 2.09 News about Britain 2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curios

2.30 Sports International

2.40 Radio Newsreel 3.15 Promende Concert 3.45 Sports Round-up 4.00 World News

4.09 Twenty-Four Hours:

News Summary 4.30 The Pleasure's Yours 5.15 Report on Religion 6.00 Radio Newsreel

6.15 Outlook 7.00 World News 7.09 Commentary 7.15 Sherlock Holmes

7.45 World Today 8.00 World News 8.09 Books and Writers 8.30 Take One 845 Sports Round-up

9.00 World News 9.09 News about Britain 9.15 Radio Newsreel 9.30 Farming World

10.00 Outlook News Sum-10.39 Stock Market Report 10.43 Look Ahead 10.45 Ulster in Focus

11.00 World News 11.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 12.15 Talkabout 12,45 Nature Notebook 1:00 World News

1.09 World Today 1.25 Financial News 1.35 Book Choice 1.40 Reflections

1.45 Sports Round-up 2.00 World News 2.09 Commentary

2.15 The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope = Frances Drake =



FOR SUNDAY, JANUARY 27, 1988

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth Sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Crankiness could lead to alsunderstandings. Make 2 special effort to inform others of plans or mix-ops a possibility. TAURUS

TAURUS
(Apr. 20 to May 20)

Jealousy could arise at a party. Watch out for those who tease. Get a firm grip on yourself re spending and credit. GEMINI (May 21 to June 20)

The day may not go as planned. Watch friction with family. A date should prove pleasurable, but see people as they really are. June 2l to July 23

Inner tensions could break out as arguments. You'll be better off if you stay away Get sufficient rest.

(July 23 to Aug. 22) Acc.
Mixed signals from a romantic interest could leave you a bit confused. Don't play the part of the big spender. Social life busy.

1 Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) 117 1 Avoid romantic arguments.

but the way you express it to others may be faulty. Don't expect immediate feedback. (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Watch out for a romantic entanglement with somebody from work. Hidden innoendoes affect com-munications. Be a good ob-

SCORPIO (Oct. 22 to Nov. 21) Nov. 21 marred by someone's envy. Problems re love and sex could arise. Don't play cat and

SACITTARIUS SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) A day of ups and downs re close relationships. When you put it all together, you may not be sure where you stand. Play it easy.

(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) VJ CAPRICORN Peace of mind could be easily disturbed by friction with others. Someone at a distance may not meao

exactly what they say.
AQUARTUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 1d) Watch extravagant spen-ding re clothes and luxury items. Your judgment may be off re romantic questions. Wait and see.

Feb. 19 to Mar. 201 The accent is on give and take in close relationships. A mist of uncertainty surrounds



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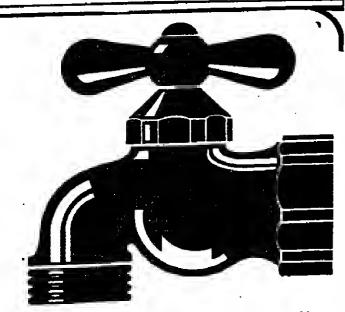
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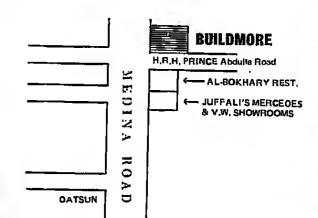
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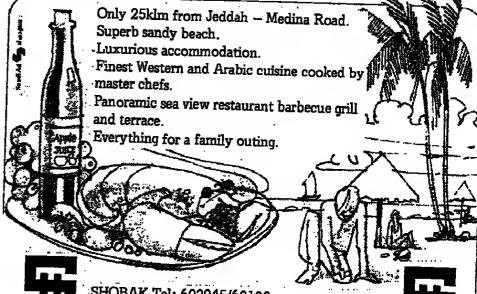
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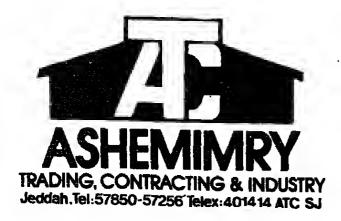
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International

Panama beefs up security but says Shah free to go

(Agencies) - A spokesman for the former Shah of Iran has said strengthened security forces around the Shah were for his protection, not his arrest,

'He is not unfer arrest and the secutity forces bere are to protect and not to detain him," said Mark Morse in a long distance telephone interview from Contadora Island,

where the former monarch is staying, Iranian Foreign Minister Sadegh Ghotbzadeh said Wednesday the Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi was under arrest in Panama and being held for return to Iran.

Militants who have held nearly 50 Americans hostage in the U.S. Embassy in Tehran since Nov. 4 have demanded he be returned to Itan for trial.

Morse said the Shah is free to go whereever he wants in Panama and enter or leave the country. The Shah and his wife Farah arrived at the plush tourist island 70 km southwest of Panama City on Dec. 15. The couple has visited the mainland twice since then.

Tourists visitng the island have reported seeing large numbers of armed security guards around the house where the Shah is

Iran and the two countries have no extradi-

Panama has no diplomatic relations with

applied for the Shah's extradition under common international laws. Iranian authorities have 60 days beginning last week to meet three Panamanian legal require-They are; a copy of the arrest warrant duly

issued by an Iranian authorities; documentary proof of the Shah's identity; and a copy of the documents from legal authorities attesting to what he is wanted for.

Only then can Panamanian authorities take the extradition request under consideration, presidential press spokesman Boris Moreno told reporters, Meanwhile, Moreno said the Shah "remains under the care of the security authorities of Panama" and is not under arrest or detention of any kind.

Most telephone calls to the island are either being ignored or answered with the statement. "No one of the Shah's party is in."

At the embassy in Tehran, meanwhile the hostages spent their 84th day in captivity. At a l'ehran news conference, Foreign Minister Sadegh Ghotbzadeh continued to insist — in the face of firm Panamanian denials - that the Shah was effectively under arrest in Panama pending a decision on extraditing him back to Iran.

The developments in Tehran were reported by Western journalists there. It was announced Jan. 12 that Ayatollah Khomeini was suffering from fatigue and

home in Qom, 169 km south of Tehran. But his doctors decided Wednesday he needed hospitalization because of "some slight heart trouble." Tehran Radio reported, and he was taken to the capital, where be was admitted to the intensive-care unit of a hospital ar I a.m.

A crowd gathered outside the hospital, and political and religious leaders were seen coming and going.

The government radio, monitored in London and Kuwait, later quoted one of his physicians, Dr. Alipur, as saying Khomeini's condition was good, he was resting and documents of the saying the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and documents of the saying and saying a tors hoped to move him from intensive-care into a regular heart-treatment unit.

"As far as my condition is concerned, I am praise be to God - not bad," the Shifte Muslim patriarch said in his taped, 10-minute message to the nation, played on the national radio. "My illness is not important," he was quoted as saying by the Yugoslav news agency lanjung in a dispatch from Tehran. Khomeini cast his vote at the hospital in Friday's nationwide presidential election.

In another development, the Muslim militants holding the embassy have accused one of their hostages, Barry Rosen, of having tried,



The deposed Shah of Iran

as empassy press officer to manipulate the Iranian news media to work against Kho-

mein's revolutionary government. In a television broadcast Tuesday night, the militants also accused Vansoor Robbani,. the editor of Tehran's leading morning newspaper, Bamdad of having cooperated with Rosen by agreeing not to publish anti-American articles.

Rohhani had sought to maintain close contacts with Rosen and the embassy, they charged.

As a result, workers at the Bamdad printing plant refused to continue production until the allegations are cleared up, a Bamdad spokesman said and the daily was not published Wednesday.



"We shall open up the embassy even if we had to do it in a tent on the Nile. We sball be happy to be the first Israeli embassy in Egypt." Thus Eliahu bin Elissar, Israeli ambassador-designate to Egypt, in an interview with Israeli radio over the difficulty of finding premises for bis mission. He said that he will have to conduct his husiness at the Cairo Hilton until a place is found.

The Israeli envoy's news is an adequate comment on the popular feeling in longsuffering Egypt over the "normalization" of the relations with Israel. It is of double significance when it comes from the Israelis themselves. For who can argue now that the Egyptians in fast welcome their new, pretended, "friends"? The Cairenes, a community generous and hospitable to a fault, bave made their view of this unwelcome guest known.

But who told the amhassador-to-he that the people of Cairo, having demonstrated their reluctance to have him ensconsed hehind walls and out of sight, will have him as an eyesore in an exposed tent on the Nile? Clearly it is better for all concerned if he checks in with the minimum of

long hours until such time as he has to decamp back: a departure which will he as unmourned as the arrival was unwelcome.

fuss at the Hilton, there to while away the

But on the other hand, there might be something in the idea of having the Israeli embassy in a tent. It might, just might, make the members of the mission have an insight, however fleeting, of the fate they inflicted on the Palestinians these last thirty years. There is no doubt the Israeli tent will not have much to compare with the tent of the average refugee; nor will the facilities and protection available make the Israeli life as hitter as that of the Palestinians. Still, something might filter through - provided the embassy stays

long enough. Whether the Israelis will have to have their tent or stay in the Hilton - and we know in that case who will footthis bill too - they have to note well that Cairo, that city which hundreds of thousands of Arabs know and love as the" mother of cities", as that open-armed, open-hearted capital of Arab and countless other people's hearts, did not want to afford them a place - To the Hilton then! And even then, not for

and state, but has set up collective leadership

bodies of 24 and nine memhers respectively

France Popit, a member of the party presi-

dency and party chief in the northern republic of Slovenia of which Ljuhljana is the capital.

Saturday condemned the Soviet armed inter-

vention in Afghanistan which has deeply

Yugoslavia, which broke with the Soviet

bloc in 1948 and went on to become a leader

of the non-aligned movement while

developing an unorthodox system on work-

ers' self-management at home, fears that the

Russian intervention might provide a prece-

dent for moves against this strategically-

doctrine" of limited sovereignty expounded

after the invasion of Czechoslovakia in 1968,

Speaking in reference to the "Brezhnev

to succeed him if he dies or retires.

worried Yugoslavia.

placed Balkan country.

Translated from Asharq Al Awsat

5 die in police attack on South Africa bank

PRETORIA, South Africa, Jan. 26 (Agencies) - A second woman held hostage in the siege of a suburban Pretoria hank hy black Nationalist Guerrillas died Saturday. bringing the death toll to five, sources repor-

The three gunmen who stormed the bank Friday all were killed in a police raid on the

The bloody end to the most daring guerrilla operation ever in tightly-controlled, whiteruled South Africa came after nightfall when police armed with automatic rifles and shotguns lunged through the doors of the Volkskas Bank in the Pretoria suburb of Silverton.

Police minister Louis Le Grange said his men assaulted the bank, where the hostages were heing held hy three blacks from the Underground African National Congress after the guerrillas opened fire on their cap-

One hostage, a 19-year-old bank teller, died in the assault. It wasn't immediately clear if she was killed by gunfire or from the explosion of a hand grenade detonated hy one of the guerrillas.

The guerrillas, all armed with Soviet-block AK-47 assault rifles and grenades were killed instantly in the barrage of police gunfire. One bad his head nearly severed by a shotgutt

A total of 22 persons, including several police officers, were taken to the hospital for treatment following the assault. Most of them had been hit by shrapnel from the grenade during the two-minute-long assault hy elite commandos from the police anti-terrorist

The guerrillas, who told hostages they were from the ANC, entered the bank just after 1 p.m. local time and immediately took over. In the confusion, a score of customers and employees managed to flee while at least three

The police arrived and cordoned off the block around the three-story brick building housing the bank.

It first appeared police were willing to negotiate with the guerrillas, who police sources said, demanded the release from Robhen Island detention camp of black nationalist Nelson Mandela, 61, and about seven other black political prisoners. The guerrillas demanded Mandela. South

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador, Jan. 26

(AP) - Authorities here reported finding

hodies of 13 victims of apparent political vio-

lence. They said some died in shootouts het-

ween troops and guerillas but that others

appeared to be part of a wave of vengeance

killing between civilian rightists and leftists.

downtown San Salvador early Friday. Their

throats bad been cut and their hands chopped

Hours later in Sonsonate, 80 km to the

West, two persons were machine gunned to

death from a moving car. Two others suffered

the same fate in Santa Ana 56 kms, to the

Other victims included Isabel Nejima, 60,

who was arrested a week ago charged with

leading a group of El Salvador's outlawed

Communist party. She was freed for lack of evidence, but was shot to death Friday on a

A national guard lieutenant and two guer-

The political leanings of some of the vic-

rillas died in two provincial shootouts.

tims were nor immediately known.

road leading into the capital.

Three unidentified bodies were found in

13 found dead in Salvador

Africa's most famous prisoner, and the others he flown to safety in Angola in return for the safety of the hostages, the sources said.

Mandela is the leader of the ANC, which is banned in South Africa, and has been imprisoned for the last 17 years, convicted of trying to topple the country's white minority gov-

Police had secreted microphones in the hank, police said. Minister Le Grange said police heard the guerrillas make their decision to shoot the hostages at 7 p.m.

"They talked to us and sang political songs," Bibbie Combrink, a bank employee, who had been held hostage, said of the guerrillas Saturday. She was slightly wounded by

"They told us all sorts of political stories. It was politics, politics, politics, and they were opposed to everything white South African politics stood for."

She said the end of the siege came just as quickly as it bad started. "A volley of bullets whizzed over my bead

and then the screaming started," she said. The South African government warned black militants police would again match vio-lence with violence if they tried to repeat Friday's hank raid.

Prime Minister Pieter Botha said in a statement issued in Cape Town that "any form of terrorism or any act going against the laws of the country will have the state to contend with.

He was "deeply grieved that the vicious terrorists could succeed in spilling innocent blood," he said. When the gunmen first moved into the

smart modern bank in the main street of the white suburh of Silverton, there was some doubt about whether they were politically mouvated.

Botha's comments indicated that the official view was that they were guerrillas, although there has been no indication so far to tie them to any particular political organ-

Maj.-Gen. H.V: Verster, the head of counter-insurgency at oolice headquarters, said he viewed the incident "as a continuation of acts of terrorism experienced by all West-

Leftists vowed revenge for the deaths of an

estimated 20 of their comrades when gunmen

opened fire on a protest demonstration in the

against leftists and suspected leftists here for

Political killings are almost daily hap-

penings in El Salvador hut have increased

since the Oct. 15 coup that overthrew Gen.

Carlos Humberto Romero and installed a

The leftists claim the junta has not kept

promises to institute reforms and is nothing

hut a continuation of the string of military

regimes that had governed the country for

A high military source, who asked not to he

identified, said "corruption in the two former

governments before the junta" created con-

ditions for a revolutionary war but that "the

youth of the country is killing itself over the

Lettists claim to occupy 30 churches

throughout the country as well as 50 farms

and plantations ahandoned by their owners in

faults of corrupt men living in Miami."

Right-wing hit squads have been active

capital on Tuesday.

civilian-military junta.

nearly a half century.

the face of leftist threats.

it caught fire along with several others in an encampment on the Tuai border. The camp was evacuated recently because of heavy fighting in the area, and families had been living there again for only a week before the fire occurred. For Rhodesian elections

FLIGHT: A Cambodian refugee family is again forced to flee their makeshift house after

Exiled Mugabe returns

Guerrilla Chief Robert Mugabe returns here Sunday after almost five years in exile, and is certain to he hailed hy black Rhodesians as a liherator and a hero.

His aides in the Zimbabwe African National Union - Patriotic Front say they are trying to mobilize 1.5 million people for a mass rally in the black township of High-

But Mugabe, an avowed Marxist and revolutionary, faces uncertainnies as be prepares for next month's election for the leadership of an independent Zimbahwe. British sources said Saturday that British

Governor Lord Soames has banned a series of pamphlets and posters published by ZANU-PF because they contained inflammatory incitements to violence. In party literature included slogans such as

'death to the British colonial troops' and power can only come from the barrel of the gun," the sources said.

Some of the material was printed before last month's peace agreement in London between the Patrionic Front guerrillas, led by Mugabe and Joshua Nkomo, and the Rhodesian authorities, the sources said,

Soames issued the ban yesterday after customs officers discovered the pamphlets being imported from Mugabe's headquarters-inexile in Mozambique. Mugahe will be returning home just a



seven-year bush war which claimed more than 20,000 lives.

Never a visible public figure in his own country, he will be met hy strong rival forces which are being marshaled to dilute his appeal to the voters. Mugabe, 51 spent more than a decade of

detention as secretary-general of the Rev. Ndahaningi Sithole's ZANU before he assumed the leadership in a 1974 prison Mozambique agreed Friday to release

Rhodesian political prisoners, which cleared the way for Mugahe's return, a British spokesman said. Britain had been delaying approval of

Mugabe's return until dissident members of Mugabe's ZANU, held by Mozambique at Mugabe's request, were released. ZANU officials, who have already

returned to Rhodesia under the cease-fire in the seveo-year war, have booked a soccer field in Salisbury for a rally for Mugabe. Mugabe, bad planned on returning to

Rhodesia more than two weeks ago to begin campaigning for the Feb. 27 independence elections. The other leader of the front, Joshua

Nkomo, returned to Rhodesia on Jan. 13. Also, the repatriation of Rhodesian refugees from Botswana was to begin again Saturday after a one-day break due to a water shortage at the reception camp, a spokesman for the United Nations High Commission on refugees said.

Nicholas Morris, a U.N. spokesman in Salisbury, confirmed Friday that 1,000 more refugees were expected to cross the border at Plumtree on Saturday and that groups were to continue to enter Rhodesia daily until all 22,000 Rhodesians in Botswana were brought home. Thursday Rhodesian police at the Tegwani

Mission, near Plumtree, impounded about 30 trucks and escort vehicles to stop the repatri-

All vehicles and personnel returned to Botswana on Friday, according to newspaper

A police spokesman its Bulawayo said the trucks were impounded temporarily to slow the repatriation exercise while the failure of the water supply at Tegwani Mission, which has been ser up as a reception camp, was remedied.

Tito's condition improves; aide hits Soviet intervention Tito is president for life of both the party

BELGRADE, Jan. 26 (R) — President Josip Broz Tito's health is improving after the amputation of his left leg last Sunday and he

is doing exercises, his doctors said Saturday.

The 87-year-old president is staying at the central clinic in Ljuhljana, northwest Yugoslavia, where he was operated on twice in the last two weeks. In a hulletin, the doctors said: "The gen-

republic Josip Broz Tito is further improving. Medical rehabilitation is heing carried out according to a fix program." The doctors gave no further details, but medical sources said the program included

eral condition of health of president of the

physiotherapy, exercises, and leaning on his right leg to prevent atrophy, or weakening of the muscles through disuse. Tito's leg was amputated after the failure of an operation to clear an artery blockage

and the onset of gangrene in his toes which was threatening his life. The president has surprised officials and

apparent recovery, and has already started to resume some of his normal duties. Since the operation Tito has conferred several times with top Communist party and

Lazar Kolishevski, on important domestie

and foreign policy issues.

Popit declared: So-called hrotherly assistance and socialist solidarity or whatever other form of military ordinary Yugoslavs with the speed of his

intervention — as we are witnessing now in Afghanistan — is harmful and anti-Socialist and gives new strength to imperialism." Nohody, he said, had the right to impose his own form of socialism on others. state officials, including state vice-president

Quoting Lenin, Popit said: "It is not possible to drive anyhody to paradise by using

Radioactive leak said safe

LIVERMORE, California, Jan. 26 (AP) - Thousands of workers have returned to their johs at a nuclear weapons lab where radioactive water trickled from a storage tank after an earthquake cracked huildings and roads and injured dozens of persons. Authorities said the leak posed no health hazard. The leak of water laced with radioactive

tritium at the Lawrence Livermore Lab began Thursday at the rate of about a liter a minute and dwindled by Friday to several liters per hour, according to spokesman

The tank, on a base of asphalt, was cordoned off as officials monitored the leak. Ross said the leak might continue for several days.

The seepage was apparently caused by Thursday morning's quake, which registered 5.5 on the Richter scale and was described by one person as a "gentle, rolling motion, not the usual jolts."

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